

CODEX ALIMENTARIUS

INTERNATIONAL FOOD STANDARDS



Food and Agriculture
Organization of
the United Nations



World Health
Organization

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RECOMMENDED METHODS OF ANALYSIS AND SAMPLING

CODEX STAN 234-1999¹

¹ The most updated version of the method should be used, in application of ISO/IEC 17025: 1999. The present list of methods reflects the amendments adopted by the 37th Session of the Codex Alimentarius Commission in 2014.

Table of Contents

1. PART A – METHODS OF ANALYSIS BY COMMODITY CATEGORIES AND NAMES

All Foods

Cereals, Pulses and Legumes and Derived Products

Cocoa Products and Chocolate

Fats and Oils and Related Products

Fish and Fishery Products

Foods for Special Dietary Uses

Fruit Juices

Milk and Milk Products

Natural Mineral Waters

Processed Fruits and Vegetables

Processed Meat and Poultry Products and Soups and Broths

Quick Frozen Fruits and Vegetables

Sugars and Honey

Miscellaneous Products

2. PART B – METHODS OF SAMPLING BY COMMODITY CATEGORIES AND NAMES

PART A – METHODS OF ANALYSIS BY COMMODITY CATEGORIES AND NAMES

<i>Commodity</i>	<i>Provision</i>	<i>Method</i>	<i>Principle</i>	<i>Type</i>
All Foods				
All foods	Acesulfame K, Aspartame	EN 12856	High performance liquid chromatography	II
All foods	Cyclamate	EN 12857	High performance liquid chromatography	II
All foods	Cyclamate	NMKL 123	Spectrophotometry	III
All foods	Saccharin	EN 12856	High performance liquid chromatography	III
All Foods (see also meat products)	Nitrates and/or Nitrites	EN 12014-1	Part 1- General considerations	N/A
Individual Foods ²	Sulphites	EN 1988-1 AOAC 990.28	Part 1: Optimized Monier-Williams method	III
Individual Foods ³	Sulphites	EN 1988-2 NMKL 135	Part 2: Enzymatic method	III
Cereals, Pulses and Legumes and Derived Products				
Certain pulses	Moisture	ISO 665	Gravimetry	I
Degermed maize (corn) meal and maize (corn) grits	Ash	AOAC 923.03 ISO 2171 ICC Method No 104/1	Gravimetry	I
Degermed maize (corn) meal and maize (corn) grits	Fat, crude	AOAC 945.38F; 920.39C	Gravimetry (ether extraction)	I
Degermed maize (corn) meal and maize (corn) grits	Moisture	ISO 712 ICC Method No 110/1	Gravimetry	I
Degermed maize (corn) meal and maize (corn) grits	Particle size (granularity)	AOAC 965.22	Sieving	I

² Hominy, fruit juice, sea food

³ Wine, dried apples, lemon juice, potato flakes, sultanas, beer

<i>Commodity</i>	<i>Provision</i>	<i>Method</i>	<i>Principle</i>	<i>Type</i>
Degermed maize (corn) meal and maize (corn) grits	Protein	ICC Method No 105/1	Titrimetry, Kjeldahl digestion	I
Durum wheat semolina and durum wheat flour	Ash (semolina)	AOAC 923.03 ISO 2171	Gravimetry	I
Durum wheat semolina and durum wheat flour	Moisture	ISO 712 ICC 110/1	Gravimetry	I
Durum wheat semolina and durum wheat flour	Protein (N x 5.7)	ICC 105/1	Titrimetry, Kjeldahl digestion	I
Instant Noodles	Extraction of oil from instant noodles	described in the standard	Gravimetry	I
Instant Noodles	Acid Value	described in the standard	Titrimetry	I
Instant Noodles	Moisture	described in the standard	Gravimetry	I
Maize (corn)	Moisture	ISO 6540	Gravimetry	I
Peanuts (raw)	Aflatoxins, total	AOAC 991.31	Immunoaffinity column (Aflatest)	II
Peanuts (raw)	Aflatoxins, total	AOAC 993.17	Thin layer chromatography	III
Peanuts (intended for further processing)	Aflatoxins, total	AOAC 975.36	Romer minicolmn	III
Peanuts (Cereals, shell-fruits and derived products (including peanuts))	Sum of aflatoxins B ₁ , B ₂ , G ₁ and G ₂	EN 12955 ISO 16050:	HPLC with post column derivatization and immunoaffinity column clean up	III
Peanuts (intended for further processing)	Aflatoxins, total	AOAC 979.18	Holaday-Velasco minicolumn	III
Pearl millet flour	Ash	AOAC 923.03	Gravimetry	I
Pearl millet flour	Colour	<i>Modern Cereal Chemistry</i> , 6th Ed., D.W. Kent-Jones and A.J. Amos (Ed.), pp. 605-612, Food Trade Press Ltd, London, 1969.	Colorimetry using specific colour grader	IV
Pearl millet flour	Fat, crude	AOAC 945.38F; 920.39C	Gravimetry (ether extraction)	I
Pearl millet flour	Fibre, crude	ISO 5498: (B.5 Separation)	Gravimetry	I
Pearl millet flour	Moisture	ISO 712: ICC 110/1	Gravimetry	I

<i>Commodity</i>	<i>Provision</i>	<i>Method</i>	<i>Principle</i>	<i>Type</i>
Pearl millet flour	Protein	AOAC 920.87	Titrimetry, Kjeldahl digestion	I
Sorghum flour	Ash	AOAC 923.03 ISO 2171 ICC 104/1	Gravimetry	I
Sorghum flour	Colour	<i>Modern Cereal Chemistry</i> , 6th Ed., D.W. Kent-Jones and A.J. Amos (Ed.), pp. 605-612, Food Trade Press Ltd, London, 1969.	Colorimetry using specific colour grader	IV
Sorghum flour	Fat, crude	AOAC 945.38F; 920.39C	Gravimetry (ether extraction)	I
Sorghum flour	Fibre, crude	ICC 113 ISO 6541:1981	Gravimetry	I
Sorghum flour	Moisture	ISO 712:1998 ICC 110/1	Gravimetry	I
Sorghum flour	Particle size (granularity)	AOAC 965.22	Sieving	I
Sorghum flour	Protein	ICC 105/1	Titrimetry, Kjeldahl digestion	I
Sorghum flour	Tannins	ISO 9648	Spectrophotometry	I
Sorghum grains	Ash	AOAC 923.03 ISO 2171:1993 ICC 104/1	Gravimetry	I
Sorghum grains	Fat, crude	AOAC 945.38F, 920.39C	Gravimetry (ether extraction)	I
Sorghum grains	Moisture	ISO 6540	Gravimetry	I
Sorghum grains	Protein	ICC 105/1	Titrimetry, Kjeldahl digestion	I
Sorghum grains	Tannins	ISO 9648	Spectrophotometry	I
Soy protein products	Ash	AOAC 923.03 ISO 2171: (Method B)	Gravimetry	I
Soy protein products	Fat	CAC/RM 55 - Method 1	Gravimetry (extraction)	I
Soy protein products	Fibre, crude	ISO 5498	Gravimetry	I
Soy protein products	Moisture	AOAC 925.09	Gravimetry (vacuum oven)	I

<i>Commodity</i>	<i>Provision</i>	<i>Method</i>	<i>Principle</i>	<i>Type</i>
Soy protein products	Protein	AOAC 955.04D (using factor 6.25)	Titrimetry , Kjeldahl digestion	II
Vegetable protein products	Ash	AOAC 923.03 ISO 2171 (Method B)	Gravimetry, Direct	I
Vegetable protein products	Fat	CAC/RM 55 - Method 1	Gravimetry (extraction)	I
Vegetable protein products	Fibre, crude	AACC 32-17	Ceramic fiber filtration	I
Vegetable protein products	Moisture	AOAC 925.09	Gravimetry (vacuum oven)	I
Vegetable protein products	Protein	AOAC 955.04D (using factor 6.25)	Titrimetry, Kjeldahl digestion	II
Wheat flour	Ash	AOAC 923.03 ISO 2171: ICC 104/1	Gravimetry	I
Wheat flour	Fat acidity	AOAC 939.05	Titrimetry	I
Wheat flour	Moisture	ISO 712: ICC 110/1	Gravimetry	I
Wheat flour	Particle size (granularity)	AOAC 965.22	Sieving	I
Wheat flour	Protein	ICC 105/1	Titrimetry, Kjeldahl digestion	I
Wheat protein products including wheat gluten	Protein	Vital wheat gluten and devitalized wheat gluten AOAC 979.09 (wheat protein in grain Nx5.7)	Kjeldahl	I
		Solubilized wheat protein AOAC 920.87 (wheat protein in flour Nx5.7)	Kjeldahl	I
Wheat protein products including Wheat gluten	Fibre, crude	AOAC 962.09	Ceramic fiber filtration	I
Wheat protein products including Wheat gluten	Ash	AOAC 923.03 ISO 2171: method B	Gravimetry	I
Whole and decorticated pearl millet grains	Ash	AOAC 923.03	Gravimetry	I

<i>Commodity</i>	<i>Provision</i>	<i>Method</i>	<i>Principle</i>	<i>Type</i>
Whole and decorticated pearl millet grains	Fat, crude	AOAC 945.38F; 920.39C	Gravimetry (ether extraction)	I
Whole and decorticated pearl millet grains	Fibre, crude	ISO 5498 (B.5 Separation)	Gravimetry	I
Whole and decorticated pearl millet grains	Moisture	ISO 712 ICC 110/1	Gravimetry	I
Whole and decorticated pearl millet grains	Protein	AOAC 920.87	Titrimetry, Kjeldahl digestion	I
Whole maize (corn) meal	Ash	AOAC 923.03 ISO 2171 ICC 104/1	Gravimetry	I
Whole maize (corn) meal	Fat, crude	AOAC 945.38F; 920.39C	Gravimetry (ether extraction)	I
Whole maize (corn) meal	Moisture	ISO 712 ICC 110/1	Gravimetry	I
Whole maize (corn) meal	Particle size (granularity)	AOAC 965.22	Sieving	I
Whole maize (corn) meal	Protein	ICC 105/1	Titrimetry, Kjeldahl digestion	I
Cocoa Products and Chocolate				
Chocolate and chocolate products	Cocoa butter	AOAC 963.15 IOCCC 14	Gravimetry (Soxhlet extraction)	I
Chocolate and chocolate products	Fat-free cocoa solids	AOAC 931.05	Oven evaporation and factor	I
Chocolate and chocolate products	Fat-free milk solids	IOCCC 17 or AOAC 939.02	Titrimetry, Kjeldahl digestion; after extraction of milk proteins	II
Chocolate and chocolate products	Fat, total	AOAC 963.15	Gravimetry (Soxhlet extraction)	I
Chocolate and chocolate products	Milkfat	IOCCC 5 AOAC 945.34; 925.41B; 920.80	Titrimetry/Distillation	I
Chocolate and chocolate products	Moisture	IOCCC 26 or AOAC 977.10 (Karl Fischer method); or AOAC 931.04 or IOCCC 1	Gravimetry	I

<i>Commodity</i>	<i>Provision</i>	<i>Method</i>	<i>Principle</i>	<i>Type</i>
Chocolate and chocolate products	Non-cocoa butter vegetable fat	AOCS Ce 10/02 and described in the Standard	Described in the Standard	I
Cocoa (Cacao) Mass or Cocoa/Chocolate Liquor, and Cocoa Cake	Cocoa shell	AOAC 968.10 and 970.23	Spiral vessel count, Stone cell count	I
Cocoa (Cacao) Mass or Cocoa/Chocolate Liquor, and Cocoa Cake	Fat	AOAC 963.15 or IOCCC 14	Gravimetry (Soxhlet extraction)	I
Cocoa butter	Free fatty acids	ISO 660 or AOCS Cd 3d-63	Titrimetry	I
Cocoa butter	Unsaponifiable matter	ISO 3596 or ISO 18609 or AOCS Ca 6b-53	Titrimetry after extraction with diethyl ether	I
Cocoa powders (cocoa) and dry cocoa-sugar mixtures	Moisture	IOCCC 26 or AOAC 977.10 (Karl Fischer method)	Gravimetry	I
Fats and Oils and Related Products				
Fats and Oils (all)	Arsenic	AOAC 952.13 (Codex general method)	Colorimetry (diethyldithiocarbamate)	II
Fats and Oils (all)	Arsenic	AOAC 942.17 (Codex general method)	Colorimetry (molybdenum blue)	III
Fats and Oils (all)	Arsenic	AOAC 986.15 (Codex general method)	Atomic absorption spectrophotometry	III
Fats and oils	Butylhydroxyanisole, butylhydroxytoluene, tert-butylhydroquinone, & propyl gallate	AOAC 983.15; or AOCS Ce-6-86	Liquid chromatography	II
Fats and Oils (all)	Insoluble impurities	ISO 663	Gravimetry	I
Fats and Oils (all)	Lead	AOAC 994.02 ISO 12193 (Codex general method) or AOCS Ca 18c-91	Atomic absorption spectrophotometry (direct graphite furnace)	II
Fats and Oils (all)	Matter volatile at 105°C	ISO 662	Gravimetry (open-drying)	I
Fats and Oils (all)	Soap content	BS 684 Section 2.5; or AOCS Cc 17-95	Gravimetry	I
Fats and oils not covered by individual standards	Acid Value	ISO 660; or AOCS Cd 3d-63	Titrimetry	I

<i>Commodity</i>	<i>Provision</i>	<i>Method</i>	<i>Principle</i>	<i>Type</i>
Fats and oils not covered by individual standards	Copper and Iron	AOAC 990.05 ISO 8294 or AOCS Ca 18b-91 (Codex general method)	Atomic absorption Spectrophotometry (direct graphite furnace)	II
Fats and oils not covered by individual standards	Peroxide value	AOCS Cd 8b-90 ISO 3960	Titrimetry using <i>iso</i> -octane	I
Fat spreads and blended spreads	Fat content	ISO 17189 IDF 194	Gravimetry	I
Named Animal Fats	Acidity	ISO 660; or AOCS Cd 3d-63	Titrimetry	I
Named Animal Fats	Copper and Iron	AOAC 990.05 ISO 8294; or AOCS Ca 18b-91 (Codex general method)	Atomic absorption Spectrophotometry (direct graphite furnace)	II
Named Animal Fats	GLC ranges of fatty acid composition	ISO 5508 and ISO 12966-2: or AOCS Ce 2-66 and Ce 1e-91 or Ce 1f-96	Gas chromatography of methyl esters	II
Named Animal Fats	Iodine value (IV)	ISO 3961; or AOAC 993.20; or AOCS Cd 1d-92	Wijs-Titrimetry	I
Named Animal Fats	Peroxide value	AOCS Cd 8b-90 ISO 3960	Titrimetry using <i>iso</i> -octane	I
Named Animal Fats	Relative density	ISO/AOCS method for apparent density to be inserted	Pycnometry	II
Named Animal Fats	Refractive index	ISO 6320; or AOCS Cc 7-25	Refractometry	II
Named Animal Fats	Saponification value	ISO 3657; or AOCS Cd 3-25	Titrimetry	I
Named Animal Fats	Unsaponifiable matter	ISO 3596 or ISO 18609; or AOCS Ca 6b-53	Titrimetry after extraction with diethyl ether	I
Named Animal Fats	Titre	ISO 935; or AOCS Cc 12-59	Thermometry	I
Named Vegetable Oils	Acidity	ISO 660; or AOCS Cd 3d-63	Titrimetry	I
Named Vegetable Oils	Apparent density	ISO 6883, with the appropriate conversion factor; or AOCS Cc 10c-95	Pycnometry	I

<i>Commodity</i>	<i>Provision</i>	<i>Method</i>	<i>Principle</i>	<i>Type</i>
Named Vegetable Oils	Baudouin test (modified Villavecchia or sesame seed oil test)	AOCS Cb 2-40	Colour reaction	I
Named Vegetable Oils	Carotenoids, total	BS 684 Section 2.20	Spectrophotometry	II
Named Vegetable Oils	Copper and iron	ISO 8294; or AOAC 990.05; or AOCS Ca 18b-91	AAS	II
Named Vegetable Oils	Crismer value	AOCS Cb 4-35 and AOCS Ca 5a-40	Turbidity	I
Named Vegetable Oils	GLC ranges of fatty acid composition	ISO 5508 and ISO 12966-2; or AOCS Ce 2-66 and Ce 1--62 or Ce 1h-05	Gas chromatography of methyl esters	II
Named Vegetable Oils	Halphen test	AOCS Cb 1-25	Colorimetry	I
Named Vegetable Oils	Insoluble impurities	ISO 663	Gravimetry	I
Named Vegetable Oils	Iodine value (IV)	Wijs - ISO 3961; or AOAC 993.20; or AOCS Cd 1d-92; or NMKL 39	Wijs-Titrimetry ⁴	I
Named Vegetable Oils	Lead	AOAC 994.02; or ISO 12193; or AOCS Ca 18c-91	Atomic Absorption	II
Named Vegetable Oils	Moisture & volatile matter at 105°C	ISO 662	Gravimetry	I
Named Vegetable Oils	Peroxide value (PV)	AOCS Cd 8b-90 or ISO 3960	Titrimetry	I
Named Vegetable Oils	Refractive index	ISO 6320 or AOCS Cc 7-25	Refractometry	II
Named Vegetable Oils	Reichert value and Polenske value	AOCS Cd 5-40	Titrimetry	I
Named Vegetable Oils	Relative density	IUPAC 2.101 with the appropriate conversion factor See comment above (Named Animal Fats) ⁵	Pycnometry	I
Named Vegetable Oils	Saponification value (SV)	ISO 3657 or AOCS Cd 3-25	Titrimetry	I

⁴ It is possible to calculate the Iodine Value from fatty acid composition data obtained by gas chromatography e.g. using AOCS Cd 1b-87

⁵ The method is no longer available.

<i>Commodity</i>	<i>Provision</i>	<i>Method</i>	<i>Principle</i>	<i>Type</i>
Named Vegetable Oils	Slip point	ISO 6321 for all oils; AOCS Cc 3b-92 for all oils except palm oils; AOCS Cc 3-25 for palm oils only	Open ended capillary tube	I
Named Vegetable Oils	Soap content	BS 684 Section 2.5; or AOCS Cc 17-95	Gravimetry	I
Named Vegetable Oils	Sterol content	ISO 12228; or AOCS Ch 6-91	Gas chromatography	II
Named Vegetable Oils	Tocopherol content	ISO 9936 or AOCS Ce 8-89	HPLC	II
Named Vegetable Oils	Unsaponifiable matter	ISO 3596; or ISO 18609; or AOCS Ca 6b-53	Gravimetry	I
Olive Oils and Olive Pomace Oils	Absorbency in ultra-violet	COI/T.20/Doc. No. 19 or ISO 3656 or AOCS Ch 5-91	Absorption in ultra violet	II
Olive Oils and Olive Pomace Oils	Acidity, free (acid value)	ISO 660 or AOCS Cd 3d-63	Titrimetry	I
Olive Oils and Olive Pomace Oils	Alpha-tocopherol	ISO 9936	HPLC	II
Olive Oils and Olive Pomace Oils	Difference between the actual and theoretical ECN 42 triglyceride content	COI/T.20/Doc. no. 20 or AOCS Ce 5b-89	Analysis of triglycerides of HPLC and calculation	I
Olive Oils and Olive Pomace Oils	Erythrodiol + uvaol	COI/T.20/Doc.no. 30	Gas chromatography	II
Olive Oils and Olive Pomace Oils	Halogenated solvents, traces	COI/T.20/Doc. no. 8	Gas chromatography	II
Olive Oils and Olive Pomace Oils	Insoluble impurities in light petroleum	ISO 663	Gravimetry	I
Olive Oils and Olive Pomace Oils	Iodine value	ISO 3961 or AOAC 993.20 or AOCS Cd 1d-92 or NMKL 39	Wijs-Titrimetry	I
Olive Oils and Olive Pomace Oils	Iron and copper	ISO 8294 or AOAC 990.05	AAS	II
Olive Oils and Olive Pomace Oils	Lead	AOAC 994.02 or ISO 12193 or AOCS Ca 18c-91	AAS	II
Olive Oils and Olive Pomace Oils	Moisture and volatile matter	ISO 662	Gravimetry	I
Olive Oils and Olive Pomace Oils	Organoleptic characteristics	COI/T.20/Doc. no. 15	Panel test	I
Olive Oils and Olive Pomace Oils	Peroxide value	ISO 3960 or AOCS Cd 8b-90	Titrimetry	I
Olive Oils and Olive Pomace Oils	Relative density	IUPAC 2.101, with the appropriate conversion factor. See comment above	Pycnometry	I

<i>Commodity</i>	<i>Provision</i>	<i>Method</i>	<i>Principle</i>	<i>Type</i>
Olive Oils and Olive Pomace Oils	Refractive index	ISO 6320 or AOCS Cc 7-25	Refractometry	II
Olive Oils and Olive Pomace Oils	Saponification value	ISO 3657 or AOCS Cd 3-25	Titrimetry	I
Olive Oils and Olive Pomace Oils	Sterol composition and total sterols	COI/T.20/Doc. no. 10 or ISO 12228 or AOCS Ch 6-91	Gas chromatography	II
Olive Oils and Olive Pomace Oils	Stigmastadienes	COI/T.20/Doc. no. 11 or ISO 15788-1 or AOCS Cd 26-96	Gas chromatography	II
Olive Oils and Olive Pomace Oils	Stigmastadienes	ISO 15788-2	HPLC	III
Olive Oils and Olive Pomace Oils	<i>Trans</i> fatty acids content	COI/T.20/Doc no. 17 or ISO 15304 or AOCS Ch 2a-94	Gas chromatography of methyl esters	II
Olive Oils and Olive Pomace Oils	Unsaponifiable matter	ISO 3596 or ISO 18609 or AOCS Ca 6b-53	Gravimetry	I
Olive Oils and Olive Pomace Oils	Wax content	COI/T.20/Doc. no. 18 or AOCS Ch 8-02	Gas chromatography	II
Margarine	Fat	IUPAC 2.801	Gravimetry	I
Margarine	Milkfat	CAC/RM 15	Titrimetry	I
Margarine	Sodium chloride	AOAC 971.27 (Codex general method)	Potentiometry	II
Margarine	Vitamin A	AOAC 960.45	Spectrophotometry	II
Margarine	Vitamin D	AOAC 936.14	Bioassay	II
Margarine	Vitamin E	IUPAC 2.411	TLC followed by spectrophotometry or GLC	II
Margarine	Water	CAC/RM 17 (described in the Standard)	Gravimetry	I
Minarine	Fat	IUPAC 2.801	Gravimetry	I
Minarine	Milkfat	CAC/RM 15 (described in the Standard)	Titrimetry	I
Minarine	Sodium chloride	AOAC 971.27 (Codex general method)	Potentiometry	II
Minarine	Vitamin A	AOAC 960.45	Spectrophotometry	II
Minarine	Vitamin D	AOAC 936.14	Bioassay	II
Minarine	Vitamin E	IUPAC 2.411	TLC followed by spectrophotometry or GLC	II

<i>Commodity</i>	<i>Provision</i>	<i>Method</i>	<i>Principle</i>	<i>Type</i>
Minarine	Water	CAC/RM 17	Gravimetry	I
Fish and Fishery Products				
Fish and fishery products	Histamine	AOAC 977.13	Fluorimetry	II
Fish and fishery products	Mercury	AOAC 977.15	Flameless atomic absorption spectrophotometry	III
Fish and fishery products: canned products	Drained weight	Described in the Standard	Weighing	I
Fish and fishery products: canned products	Net weight	Described in the Standard	Weighing	I
Boiled Dried Salted Anchovies	Sodium Chloride (chloride expressed as sodium chloride)	AOAC 937.09	Titrimetry	II
Canned shrimps or prawns	Size, determination of	Described in the Standard	Number per 100 g	I
Fish Sauce	total nitrogen	AOAC 940.25	digestion	I
Fish Sauce	amino acid nitrogen	AOAC 920.04 and AOAC 920.03	determining formaldehyde titration method subtracting by ammoniacal nitrogen (magnesium oxide method)	I
Fish Sauce	pH	AOAC 981.12 The pH shall be measured in a sample of fish sauce diluted with water to 1:10 using a pH meter. The dilution of fish sauce is necessary because of the high ionic strength in the undiluted sauce.	electrometry	III
Fish Sauce	sodium chloride	AOAC 976.18	potentiometry	II
Fish Sauce	sodium chloride	AOAC 937.09	titrimetry	IV
Fish Sauce	histamine	AOAC 977.13	Fluorimetry	II
Frozen abalone (covered by glaze)	Net weight	AOAC 963.18	Gravimetry	I
Frozen fish and fishery products	Thawing and cooking procedures	Described in the Standards	Thawing and heating	I

<i>Commodity</i>	<i>Provision</i>	<i>Method</i>	<i>Principle</i>	<i>Type</i>
Quick frozen blocks of fish fillet, minced fish flesh and mixtures of fillets and minced fish flesh	Proportion of fish fillet and minced fish	AOAC 988.09	Physical separation	I
Quick frozen blocks of fish fillet, minced fish flesh and mixtures of fillets and minced fish flesh	Net content of frozen fish blocks covered by glaze	Described in the Standard	Gravimetry	I
Quick frozen blocks of fish fillet, minced fish flesh and mixtures of fillets and minced fish flesh	Sodium chloride	AOAC 971.21 (Codex general method)	Potentiometry	II
Quick frozen fish fillets	Net weight of products covered by glaze	Described in the Standard	Water spraying and sieving	I
Quick Frozen Fish sticks (fish fingers) and fish portions - breaded or in batter	Fish content (declaration)	AOAC 996.15 and calculation (described in the standard)	Gravimetry	I
Quick frozen fish sticks (fish fingers) and fish portions - breaded or in batter	Net weight	Described in the Standard	Weighing	I
Quick Frozen Fish Sticks (fish fingers) and Fish Portions-Breaded and in Batter (except for certain fish species with soft flesh)	Proportion of fish fillet and minced fish	WEFTA Method (described in the Standard)	Gravimetry	I
Quick frozen fish sticks (fish fingers) and fish portions - breaded or in batter	Sodium chloride	AOAC 971.27 (Codex general method)	Potentiometry	II
Salted Atlantic Herring and Salted Sprat	Water content	AOAC 950.46B	air drying	I
Salted Fish of the <i>Gadidae</i> Family	Salt	Described in CODEX STAN 167-1989	Titrimetry (Mohr) Salt determined as chloride expressed as sodium chloride	I
Salted Fish and Dried Salted Fish of the <i>Gadidae</i> Family of Fishes	Salt Content Water content	Sampling and method described in the Standard	Gravimetry	I
Smoked Fish, Smoke-Flavoured fish and Smoke-dried fish	Water phase salt	AOAC 952.08 AOAC 937.09 Described in standard ⁶	Calculation	I

⁶ % salt × 100 / (%water + %salt)

<i>Commodity</i>	<i>Provision</i>	<i>Method</i>	<i>Principle</i>	<i>Type</i>
Smoked Fish, Smoke-Flavoured fish and Smoke-dried fish	Water activity	NMKL 168 ISO 21807	Electrometry	III
Sturgeon Caviar	Salt content	Described in CODEX STAN 167-1989	Titrimetry (Mohr) Salt determined as chloride expressed as sodium chloride	I

Method Performance Criteria for histamine in smoked fish, smoke-flavoured fish and smoke-dried fish

Provision	ML (mg/100 g)	Minimum applicable range (mg/100 g)	LOD (mg/100 g)	LOQ (mg/100 g)	RSD _R (%)	Recovery	Applicable methods that meet the criteria	Principle
Histamine	10 (average)	8 – 12	1	2	16.0	90 – 107	AOAC 977.13 NMKL 99, NMKL 196,	Fluorometric HPLC
Histamine	20 (each unit)	16 – 24	2	4	14.4	90 – 107	AOAC 977.13 NMKL 99, NMKL 196,	Fluorometric HPLC

Determination of Biotoxins in live and raw bivalve molluscs

The method selected should be chosen on the basis of practicability and preference should be given to methods which have applicability for routine use.

Criteria for determination of Toxin Analogues by chemical methods

Methods shall meet the numerical criteria listed in Table 1 and may either meet the minimum applicable range, or LOD and LOQ criteria listed.

Table 1. Criteria for determination of Toxin Analogues by Chemical Methods

Toxin Group	Toxin	Minimum applicable range (mg/kg)	LOD (mg/kg)	LOQ (mg/kg)	Precision (RSD _R) (%) No more than	Recovery percent	Applicable methods that meet the criteria
STX Group	Saxitoxin (STX)	0.05 – 0.2	0.01	0.02	44%	50 – 130	AOAC 2005.06 NMKL 182, EN 14526 AOAC 2011.02 NMKL 197
	NEO	0.05 – 0.2	0.01	0.02	44%	50 – 130	
	dcSTX	0.05 – 0.2	0.01	0.02	44%	50 – 130	
	GTX1	0.05 – 0.2	0.01	0.02	44%	50 – 130	
	GTX2	0.1 – 0.5	0.03	0.06	38%	50– 130	
	GTX3	0.1 – 0.5	0.03	0.06	38%	50– 130	
	GTX4	0.05 – 0.2	0.01	0.02	44%	50 – 130	
	GTX5	0.1 – 0.5	0.03	0.06	38%	50– 130	
	GTX6	0.1 – 0.5	0.03	0.06	38%	50– 130	
	dcGTX2	0.1 – 0.5	0.03	0.06	38%	50– 130	

Toxin Group	Toxin	Minimum applicable range (mg/kg)	LOD (mg/kg)	LOQ (mg/kg)	Precision (RSD _R) (%) No more than	Recovery percent	Applicable methods that meet the criteria
	dcGTX3	0.1 – 0.5	0.03	0.06	38%	50– 130	
	C1	0.1 – 0.5	0.03	0.06	38%	50– 130	
	C2	0.1 – 0.5	0.03	0.06	38%	50– 130	
	C3	0.5 – 1.5	0.1	0.2	32%	50– 130	
	C4	0.5 – 1.5	0.1	0.2	32%	50– 130	
OA Group	OA	0.03 – 0.2	0.01	0.02	44%	60-115	See reference below
	DTX1	0.03 – 0.2	0.01	0.02	44%	60-115	
	DTX2	0.1 – 0.5	0.03	0.06	38%	60-115	
Domoic Acid	DA	14 – 26	2	4	20%	80-110	
AZA Group	AZA1	0.03 – 0.2	0.01	0.02	44%	40 - 120	See reference below
	AZA2	0.03 – 0.2	0.01	0.02	44%	40 - 120	
	AZA3	0.03 – 0.2	0.01	0.02	44%	40 - 120	

Reference: http://aesan.msssi.gob.es/en/CRLMB/web/procedimientos_crlmb/crlmb_standard_operating_procedures.shtml Harmonised-SOP-LCMS-OA-Version4.pdf

Total toxicity is estimated as the sum of the molar concentrations of detected analogs multiplied by the relevant specific toxicity equivalency factors (TEFs). Internationally scientifically validated TEFs must be used. The science behind TEFs is developing. Current internationally validated TEF's will be found on the FAO website. Information on TEFs could be incorporated in this standard at a future date.

Methods should be validated and used for the relevant toxin analogues that may contribute to total toxicity. Currently known toxin analogues to consider are listed in Table 1.

Where toxin analogues that are not listed in Table 1 are determined the competent authority must assess the contribution of these analogs to total toxicity whilst conducting further investigations.

Foods for Special Dietary Uses

Special foods	Ash	AOAC 942.05	Gravimetry	I
Special foods	Calcium	AOAC 984.27	ICP emission spectrometry	III
Special foods	Calories by calculation	Method described in CAC/VOL IX-Ed.1, Part III	Calculation method	III
Special foods	Carbohydrates	Method described in CAC/VOL IX-Ed.1, Part III	Calculation	III
Special foods	Chloride	AOAC 971.27 (Codex general method)	Potentiometry	II
Special foods	Dietary fibre, total	AOAC 985.29	Gravimetry (enzymatic digestion)	I

Foods for Special Dietary Uses

Special foods	Fat	CAC/RM 55	Gravimetry (extraction)	I
Special foods	Fat in foods not containing starch, meat or vegetable products	CAC/RM 1, B-2	Gravimetry	I
Special foods	Fill of containers	CAC/RM 46	Weighing	I
Special foods	Folic acid	AOAC 944.12	Microbioassay	II
Special foods	Linoleate (in the form of glycerides)	AOAC 922.06; 969.33; 963.22	Acid hydrolysis, preparation of methyl esters and gas chromatography	II
Special foods	Linoleate (in the form of glycerides)	AOAC 922.06; 979.19	Acid hydrolysis and spectrophotometry	III
Special foods	Loss on drying (milk based)	AOAC 925.23 -ISO 6731 IDF 21	Gravimetry	I
Special foods	Nicotinamide for foods not based on milk	AOAC 961.14	Colorimetry	II
Special foods	Nicotinamide for milk-based foods	AOAC 944.13	Microbioassay	II
Special foods	Pantothenic acid/enriched foods	AOAC 945.74	Microbioassay	II
Special foods	Pantothenic acid/non-enriched foods	<i>The Analyst</i> 89 (1964):1, 3-6, ibid. 232 US Dept Agr., <i>Agr. Handbook</i> 97 (1965)	Microbioassay	IV
Special foods	Phosphorous	AOAC 986.24	Colorimetry (molybdovanadate)	II
Special foods	Protein efficiency ratio (PER)	AOAC 960.48	Rat bioassay	I
Special foods	Protein, crude	Method described in CAC/VOL IX-Ed. 1,Part III	Titrimetry, Kjeldahl digestion	I
Special foods	Riboflavin	AOAC 970.65	Fluorometry	II
Special foods	Sodium and Potassium	ISO 8070 IDF 119	Flame atomic absorption spectrometry	II
Special foods	Sodium and potassium	AOAC 984.27	ICP emission spectrometry	III
Special foods	Vitamin A	AOAC 974.29	Colorimetry	IV
Special foods	Vitamin A in foods in which carotenes have been added as a source of vitamin A	AOAC 941.15	Spectrophotometry	III

Foods for Special Dietary Uses				
Special foods	Vitamin B ₁₂	AOAC 952.20	Microbioassay	II
Special foods	Vitamin B ₆	AOAC 961.15	Microbioassay	II
Special foods	Vitamin C	AOAC 967.22	Microfluorometry	II
Special foods	Vitamin C	AOAC 967.21	Colorimetry (dichloroindophenol)	III
Special foods	Vitamin D	AOAC 936.14	Rat bioassay	IV
Special foods	Vitamin D (D ₃ , milk based infant formula)	AOAC 992.26	Liquid chromatography	II
Special foods	Vitamin E	AOAC 971.30	Colorimetry	IV
Special foods	Vitamin E (milk based infant formula)	AOAC 992.03	Liquid chromatography	II
Special foods	Sodium and Potassium	ISO 8070 IDF 119	Flame atomic absorption spectrometry	II
Follow-up formula	Dietary fibre, total	AOAC 991.43	Gravimetry (enzymatic digestion)	I
Follow-up formula	Iodine (milk based formula)	AOAC 992.24	Ion-selective potentiometry	II
Follow-up formula	Pantothenic acid	AOAC 992.07 Measures total pantothenate (free pantothenic acid + CoA- + ACP-bound) and measured as D-pantothenic acid (or calcium D-pantothenate)	Microbioassay	II
Follow-up formula	Vitamin A	AOAC 974.29	Colorimetry	IV
Follow-up formula	Vitamin A (retinol isomers)	AOAC 992.04	HPLC	II
Follow-up formula	Vitamin A (retinol) (above 500 IU/l milk after reconstitution)	AOAC 992.06	HPLC	III
Follow-up formula	Vitamin K	AOAC 999.15 EN 14148 (vitamin K ₁) (Measures either aggregated cis + trans K ₁ or can measure individual cis and trans forms depending on LC column.)	HPLC with C30 column to separate the cis- and the trans- K vitamins	II
Foods with low-sodium content (including salt substitutes)	Iodine	AOAC 925.56	Titrimetry	II

Foods for Special Dietary Uses

Foods with low-sodium content (including salt substitutes)	Silica (colloidal, calcium silicate)	AOAC 950.85N	Gravimetry	IV
Gluten-free foods	Gluten	Enzyme-Linked Immunoassay R5 Mendez (ELISA) Method <i>Eur J Gastroenterol Hepatol</i> 2003; 15: 465-474	Immunoassay	I
Infant formula	Biotin	EN 15607 (d-biotin) (Measures total D-biotin (free + D-biocyin))	HPLC	II
Infant formula	Calories (by calculation)	Method described in CAC/Vol IX-Ed.1, Part III ⁷	Calculation	I
Infant formula	Calcium	ISO 8070 IDF 119	Flame atomic absorption spectrophotometry	II
Infant formula	Calcium	AOAC 985.35	Flame atomic absorption spectroscopy	III
Infant formula	Calcium	AOAC 984.27	ICP emission spectroscopy	III
Infant formula	Chloride	AOAC 986.26	Potentiometry	III
Infant formula	Choline	AOAC 999.14	Enzymatic Colorimetric Method with limitations on applicability due to choline and ascorbate concentration.	II
Infant formula	Copper	AOAC 985.35	Flame atomic absorption spectroscopy	II
Infant formula	Copper	AOAC 984.27	ICP emission spectroscopy	III

⁷ Section 9. Calories by calculation – Section 9.2 Conversion Factors

(a) protein 4 kcal per g

(b) carbohydrate 4 kcal per g

(c) fat 9 kcal per g

(d) monosaccharides 3.75 kcal per g

(e) specific food ingredients See “Energy and Protein Requirements”(FAO Nutrition Meeting Report Series No. 52 or WHO Technical Report Series No. 522)

(f) other specific calorie conversion factors maybe used where the formulation of the food and the nutrient content are known and where such specific conversion factors are physiologically more meaningful than the factors listed above

Foods for Special Dietary Uses				
Infant formula	Chromium (Section B of STAN 72 only)	EN 14082	Graphite furnace atomic absorption after dry ashing	II
Infant formula	Chromium (Section B of STAN 72 only)	EN 14083	Graphite furnace AAS after pressure digestion	III
Infant formula	Chromium (Section B of STAN 72 only)	AOAC 2006.03	ICP emission spectroscopy	III
Infant formula	Crude protein ⁸	AOAC 991.20 ISO 8968-1 IDF 20-1	Titrimetry (Kjeldahl)	I
Infant formula	Fatty acids (including trans fatty acid)	AOAC 996.06	Gas chromatography	II
Infant formula	Fatty acids (including trans fatty acid)	AOCS Ce 1h-05	Gas chromatography	III
Infant formula	Folic acid	AOAC 992.05 (Measures free folic acid + free, unbound natural folates, aggregated and measured as folic acid) EN 14131 (Total folate (free + bound), aggregated and measured as folic acid)	Microbioassay	II
Infant formula	Folic acid	J AOAC Int. 2000:83; 1141-1148 (Measures free folic acid + proportion of free, natural folate)	Optical Biosensor Immunoassay	IV
Infant formula	Folic acid	J Chromatogr. A., 928, 77-90, 2001 (Measures total folates after conversion to, and measurement as 5-Me-H4PteGlu)	HPLC, incorporating immunoaffinity clean-up and conversion to 5-methyltetrahydrofolate	IV
Infant formula	Iodine (for milk-based formula)	AOAC 992.24	Ion-selective potentiometry	II

⁸ **Determination of Crude Protein**

The calculation of the protein content of infant formulas prepared ready for consumption may be based on N x 6.25, unless a scientific justification is provided for the use of a different conversion factor for a particular product. The value of 6.38 is generally established as a specific factor appropriate for conversion of nitrogen to protein in other milk products, and the value of 5.71 as a specific factor for conversion of nitrogen to protein in other soy products

Foods for Special Dietary Uses

Infant formula	Iron ⁹	AOAC 985.35	Flame atomic absorption spectrophotometry	III
Infant formula	Iron	AOAC 984.27	ICP emission spectroscopy	III
Infant formula	Iron	AOAC 999.11 NMKL139	AAS after dry ashing	II
Infant formula	Magnesium	ISO 8070 IDF 119	Flame atomic absorption spectrophotometry	II
Infant formula	Magnesium	AOAC 985.35	Flame atomic absorption spectroscopy	III
Infant formula	Magnesium	AOAC 984.27	ICP emission spectroscopy	III
Infant formula	Manganese	AOAC 985.35	Flame atomic absorption spectrophotometry	II
Infant formula	Manganese	AOAC 984.27	ICP emission spectroscopy	III
Infant formula	Molybdenum (Section B of STAN 72 only)	EN 14083	Graphite furnace AAS after pressure digestion	II
Infant formula	Melamine	ISO/TS 15495 IDF/RM 230	LC-MS/MS	IV
Infant formula	Molybdenum (Section B of STAN 72 only)	AOAC 2006.03	ICP emission spectroscopy	III
Infant formula	Niacin	AOAC 985.34 (niacin (preformed) and nicotinamide)	Microbioassay and turbidimetry	III
Infant formula	Niacin	EN 15652 (Free and bound and phosphorylated forms measured either as aggregate of nicotinic acid + nicotinamide, or as individual forms)	HPLC	II ¹⁰
Infant formula	Phosphorus	AOAC 986.24	Spectrophotometry (molybdovanadate)	II
Infant formula	Phosphorus	AOAC 984.27	ICP emission spectroscopy	III
Infant formula	Riboflavin	AOAC 985.31 ¹¹	Fluorimetry	III

⁹ General Codex methods are also available

¹⁰ When published as EN method

¹¹ Care should be taken in the application of the method due to spectral interference

Foods for Special Dietary Uses

Infant formula	Riboflavin	EN 14152 (Measures natural and supplemental forms, free, bound and phosphorylated (FMN and FAD) aggregated and measured as riboflavin.)	HPLC	II
Infant formula	Selenium	AOAC 996.16 or AOAC 996. 17	Continuous hydride generation Flame atomic absorption spectrometry (HGAAS)	III
Infant formula	Selenium	EN 14627	Hydride generation atomic absorption spectrometry (HGAAS)	II
Infant formula	Selenium	AOAC 2006.03	ICP emission spectroscopy	III
Infant formula	Sodium and potassium	AOAC 984.27	ICP emission spectrometry	III
Infant formula	Sodium and potassium	ISO 8070 IDF 119	Flame atomic absorption spectrophotometry	II
Infant formula	Thiamine	AOAC 986.27 ¹²	Fluorimetry	III
Infant formula	Thiamine	EN 14122 (Measures all vitamin B ₁ forms (natural and added free, bound and phosphorylated) following extraction and conversion to thiamine)	HPLC with pre-or post column derivatization to thiochrom	II
Infant formula	Total carbohydrates	AOAC 986.25	Determination by difference	I
	Moisture/Total Solids	AOAC 990.19 or AOAC 990.20 ISO 6731 IDF 21	Gravimetry	
	Ash	AOAC 942.05	Gravimetry	
Infant formula	Total fat	AOAC 989.05 ISO 8381 IDF 123	Gravimetry (Röse-Gottlieb)	I

¹² Care should be taken in the application of the method due to spectral interference

Foods for Special Dietary Uses

Infant formula	Total fat for milk-based infant formula (Products not completely soluble in ammonia)	ISO 8262-1 IDF 124-1	Gravimetry (Weibull-Berntrop)	I
Infant formula	Total phospholipids	AOCS Ja7b-91	Gas chromatography with suitable extraction and preparation procedures	III
Infant formula	Vitamin A	EN 12823-1 (all-trans-retinol and 13-cis-retinol) Vitamin A (both natural + supplemental ester forms) aggregated and quantified as individual retinol isomers (13 - cis and all-trans)	HPLC	III
Infant formula	Vitamin D	AOAC 992.26 D ₃ measured	HPLC	III
Infant formula	Vitamin D	EN 12821 (D2 and/or D3 measured as single components. Hydroxylated forms not measured.) NMKL 167	HPLC	II
Infant formula	Vitamin D	AOAC 995.05 D2 and D3 measured	HPLC	III
Infant formula	Vitamin E	AOAC 992.03 Measures all rac-vitamin E (both natural + supplemental ester forms) aggregated and quantified as α -congeners	HPLC	III
Infant formula	Vitamin E	EN 12822 (Measures Vitamin E (both natural + supplemental ester forms) aggregated and quantified as individual tocopherol congeners (α , β , γ , δ).	HPLC	II
Infant formula	Vitamin B ₆	AOAC 985.32	Microbioassay	III

Foods for Special Dietary Uses				
Infant formula	Vitamin B ₆	EN 14166 (Aggregates free and bound pyridoxal, pyridoxine and pyridoxamine and measures as pyridoxine)	Microbioassay	III
Infant formula	Vitamin B ₆	AOAC 2004.07 EN 14164 (Free and bound phosphorylated forms (pyridoxal, pyridoxine and pyridoxamine) converted and measured as pyridoxine)	HPLC	II
Infant formula	Vitamin B ₆	EN 14663 (includes glycosylated forms) (Free and bound phosphorylated and glycosylated forms measured as the individual forms pyridoxal, pyridoxine and pyridoxamine)	HPLC	III
Infant formula	Vitamin B ₁₂	AOAC 986.23 (Measures total vitamin B ₁₂ as cyanocobalamin)	Turbidimetric Method	II
Infant formula	Zinc	AOAC 985.35	Flame atomic absorption spectroscopy	II
Infant formula	Zinc	AOAC 984.27	ICP emission spectroscopy	III

Methods of analysis for dietary fibre: Guidelines for Use of Nutrition and Health Claims: Table of Conditions for Claims

Standard	Provisions	Method	Principle	Type
General methods that do not measure the lower molecular weight fraction (i.e. monomeric units\leq9)⁽²⁾				
All foods (1)	Method applicable for determining dietary fibres that do not include the lower molecular weight fraction. (4)	AOAC 985.29 AACC Intl 32-05.01	Enzymatic gravimetry	Type I
All foods (1)	Method applicable for determining dietary fibres that do not include the lower molecular weight fraction and also includes determination for soluble and insoluble dietary fibres (4)	AOAC 991.43 AACC Intl 32-07.01 NMKL 129	Enzymatic gravimetry	Type I
All foods (1)	Method applicable for determining dietary fibres that do not include the lower molecular weight fraction, in foods and food products containing more than 10% dietary fibres and less than 2% starch (e.g. fruits) (4)	AOAC 993.21	gravimetry	Type I

Standard	Provisions	Method	Principle	Type
All foods (1)	Method applicable for determining dietary fibres that do not include the lower molecular weight fraction. Provides sugar residue composition of dietary fibre polysaccharides, as well as content of Klason lignin (4).	AOAC 994.13 AACC Intl 32- 25.01 NMKL 162	Enzymatic GC/ colorimetry gravimetry	Type I
All foods (1)	Insoluble dietary fibres in food and food products (4)	AOAC 991.42 (Specific for insoluble fibre) AACC Intl 32-20.01	Enzymatic gravimetry	Type I
All foods (1)	Soluble dietary fibres in food and food products (4)	AOAC 993.19 (Specific for soluble fibre)	Enzymatic gravimetry	Type I
General methods that measure both the higher (monomeric units > 9) and the lower molecular weight fraction (monomeric units ≤9)⁽²⁾				
All foods (1)	Method applicable for determining the content of dietary fibres of higher and lower molecular weight, in food where resistant starches are not present	AOAC 2001.03 AACC Intl 32-41.01	Enzymatic gravimetry and Liquid chromatography	Type I
All foods (1)	Method applicable for determining the content of dietary fibres of higher and lower molecular weight. The method is applicable in food that may, or may not, contain resistant starches.	AOAC 2009.01 AACC Intl 32-45.01	Enzymatic-Gravimetry High Pressure Liquid Chromatography	Type I
Methods that measure individual specific components (monomeric units: the whole range for each type of components is covered)⁽²⁾				
All foods (1)	(1→3)(1→4) <i>Beta</i> -D-Glucans	AOAC 995.16 AACC Intl 32-23.01	Enzymatic	Type II
All foods (1)	Fructans (oligofructoses, inulin, hydrolyzed inulin, polyfructoses, fructooligosaccharides) (applicable to added fructans)	AOAC 997.08 AACC Intl 32-31.01	Enzymatic & HPAEC- PAD	Type II
All foods (1)	Fructans (oligofructoses, inulin, hydrolyzed inulin, polyfructoses, fructooligosaccharides) (not applicable highly depolymerised fructans)	AOAC 999.03 AACC Intl 32-32.01	Enzymatic & colorimetric	Type III
All foods (1)	Polydextrose	AOAC 2000.11 AACC Intl 32-28.01	HPAEC-PAD	Type II
All foods (1)	Trans-galacto-oligo saccharides	AOAC 2001.02 AACC Intl 32-33.01	HPAEC-PAD	Type II

Standard	Provisions	Method	Principle	Type
All foods (1)	Resistant starch (Recommended for RS3)	AOAC 2002.02 AACC Intl 32-40.01	Enzymatic	Type II

Other methods⁽²⁾ that have not been subjected to interlaboratory evaluation under AOAC international guidelines				
Yeast cell wall	Insoluble glucans and mannans of yeast cell wall (for yeast cell wall only)	Eurasyp (European association for specialty yeast product) – LM Bonanno. Biospringer- 2004 – online version : http://www.eurasyp.org/public.technique.home.screen .	Chemical & HPAEC-PAD	Type IV
All foods	Fructo-oligosaccharides (monomeric units<5)	Ouarné et al. 1999 in <i>Complex Carbohydrates in Foods</i> . Edited by S. Sungsoo, L. Prosky & M. Dreher. Marcel Dekker Inc, New York	HPAEC-PAD	Type IV
All foods	Non-starch polysaccharides (NSP) (3)	Englyst H.N, Quigley M.E., Hudson G. (1994) Determination of dietary fibre as non-starch polysaccharides with gas-liquid chromatographic high performance liquid chromatographic or spectrophotometric measurement of constituent sugars – Analyst 119, 1497-1509	Gas-Liquid Chromatography	Type IV

⁽¹⁾ Users should consult the description of each method for the food matrices that were the subject of interlaboratory study in the Official methods of Analysis of AOAC International.

⁽²⁾ Two issues are left for national authorities: to include monomeric units 3-9 and which isolated or synthetic compounds have physiological benefit. (Refer to the Guidelines for Nutrition Labelling (CAC/GL 2-1985), as revised in 2009.

⁽³⁾ Quantitation lost for resistant starch. Refer to specific methods.

⁽⁴⁾ Quantitation lost for inulin, resistant starch, polydextrose and resistant maltodextrins. Refer to specific methods.

Fruit Juices and Nectars				
Commodity	Provisions	Method	Principle	Type
Fruit Juices and Nectars	Ascorbic acid-L (additives)	IFUMA 17A	HPLC	II
Fruit Juices and Nectars	Ascorbic acid-L (additives)	ISO 6557-1	Fluorescence spectrometry	IV
Fruit Juices and Nectars	Ascorbic acid-L (additives)	AOAC 967.21 IFUMA 17 ISO 6557-2	Indophenol method	III
Fruit Juices and Nectars	Carbon dioxide (additives and processing aids)	IFUMA 42	Titrimetry (back-titration after precipitation)	IV
Fruit Juices and Nectars	Cellobiose	IFUMA 4	Capillary gas chromatography	IV
Fruit Juices and Nectars	Citric acid ¹³ (additives)	AOAC 986.13	HPLC	II
Fruit Juices and Nectars	Citric acid ⁵ (additives)	EN 1137 IFUMA 22	Enzymatic determination	III
Fruit Juices and Nectars	Glucose and fructose (permitted ingredients)	EN 12630 IFUMA 67 NMKL 148	HPLC	III
Fruit Juices and Nectars	Glucose-D and fructose-D (permitted ingredients)	EN 1140 IFUMA 55	Enzymatic determination	II
Fruit Juices and Nectars	HFCS & HIS in apple juice (permitted ingredients)	Determination of HFCS & HIS by Capillary GC method JAOAC 84, 486 (2001)	CAP GC Method	IV
Fruit Juices and Nectars	Malic acid (additives)	AOAC 993.05	Enzymatic determination and HPLC	III
Fruit Juices and Nectars	Malic acid-D	EN 12138 IFUMA 64	Enzymatic determination	II
Fruit Juices and Nectars	Malic acid-D in apple juice	AOAC 995.06	HPLC	II
Fruit Juices and Nectars	Malic acid-L	EN 1138 IFUMA 21	Enzymatic determination	II
Fruit Juices and Nectars	Pectin (additives)	IFUMA 26	Precipitation/photometry	I
Fruit Juices and Nectars	Benzoic acid and its salts; sorbic acid and its salts	IFUMA 63 NMKL 124	HPLC	II

¹³ All juices except citrus based juices

Fruit Juices and Nectars				
Fruit Juices and Nectars	Benzoic acid and its salts	ISO 5518, ISO 6560	Spectrometry	III
Fruit Juices and Nectars	Preservatives in fruit juices (sorbic acid and its salts)	ISO 5519	Spectrometry	III
Fruit Juices and Nectars	Quinic, malic & citric acid in cranberry juice cocktail and apple juice (permitted ingredients and additives)	Determination of quinic, malic and citric acid in cranberry juice cocktail and apple juice AOAC 986.13	HPLC	III
Fruit Juices and Nectars	Saccharin	NMKL 122	Liquid chromatography	II
Fruit Juices and Nectars	Soluble solids	AOAC 983.17 EN 12143 IFUMA 8 ISO 2173	Indirect by refractometry	I
Fruit Juices and Nectars	Sucrose (permitted ingredients)	EN 12146 IFUMA 56	Enzymatic determination	III
Fruit Juices and Nectars	Sucrose (permitted ingredients)	EN 12630 IFUMA 67 NMKL 148	HPLC	II
Fruit Juices and Nectars	Sulphur dioxide (additives)	Optimized Monier Williams AOAC 990.28 IFUMA 7A NMKL 132	Titrimetry after distillation	II
Fruit Juices and Nectars	Sulphur dioxide (additives)	NMKL 135	Enzymatic determination	III
Fruit Juices and Nectars	Sulphur dioxide (additives)	ISO 5522, ISO 5523	Titrimetry after distillation	III
Fruit Juices and Nectars	Tartaric acid in grape juice (additives)	EN 12137 IFUMA 65	HPLC	II
Fruit Juices and Nectars	Total nitrogen	EN 12135 IFUMA 28	Digestion/titration	I
Fruit Juices and Nectars	Sections 3.2 Quality Criteria and 3.3 Authenticity ¹⁴	Determination of acetic acid EN 12632; IFUMA 66	Enzymatic determination	II
Fruit Juices and Nectars		Determination of alcohol (ethanol) IFUMA 52	Enzymatic determination	II
Fruit Juices and Nectars		Detection of anthocyanins IFUMA 71	HPLC	I

¹⁴ **3.4 Verification of Composition, Quality and Authenticity**

Fruit juices and nectars should be subject to testing for authenticity, composition, and quality where applicable and where required. The analytical methods used should be those found in Section 9, Methods of Analysis and Sampling.

The verification of a sample's authenticity / quality can be assessed by comparison of data for the sample, generated using appropriate methods included in the standard, with that produced for fruit of the same type and from the same region, allowing for natural variations, seasonal changes and for variations occurring due to processing.

Fruit Juices and Nectars

Fruit Juices and Nectars	Determination of ash in fruit products AOAC 940.26; EN 1135; IFUMA 9	Gravimetry	I
Fruit Juices and Nectars	Detection of beet sugar in fruit juices AOAC 995.17	Deuterium NMR	II
Fruit Juices and Nectars	Determination of benzoic acid as a marker in orange juice AOAC 994.11	HPLC	III
Fruit Juices and Nectars	Determination of C ¹³ /C ¹² ratio of ethanol derived from fruit juices JAOAC 79, No. 1, 1996, 62-72	Stable isotope mass spectrometry	II
Fruit Juices and Nectars	Determination of carbon stable isotope ratio of apple juice AOAC 981.09 - JAOAC 64, 85 (1981)	Stable isotope mass spectrometry	II
Fruit Juices and Nectars	Determination of carbon stable isotope ratio of orange juice AOAC 982.21	Stable isotope mass spectrometry	II
Fruit Juices and Nectars	Determination of carotenoid, total/individual groups EN 12136; IFUMA 59	Spectrophotometry	I
Fruit Juices and Nectars	Determination of centrifugable pulp EN 12134; IFUMA 60	Centrifugation/% value	I
Fruit Juices and Nectars	Determination of chloride (expressed as sodium chloride) EN 12133 IFUMA 37	Electrochemical titrimetry	III
Fruit Juices and Nectars	Determination of chloride in vegetable juice AOAC 971.27 (Codex general method) ISO 3634	Titration	II
Fruit Juices and Nectars	Determination of essential oils (Scott titration AOAC 968.20 - IFUMA 45*	(Scott) distillation, titration	I
Fruit Juices and Nectars	Determination of essential oils (in citrus fruit) (volume determination)* ISO 1955	Distillation and direct reading of the volume determination	I
Fruit Juices and Nectars	Determination of fermentability IFUMA 18	Microbiological method	I
Fruit Juices and Nectars	Determination of formol number EN 1133 IFUMA 30	Potentiometric titration	I

Fruit Juices and Nectars

Fruit Juices and Nectars	Determination of free amino acids EN 12742 IFUMA 57	Liquid Chromatography	II
Fruit Juices and Nectars	Determination of fumaric acid IFUMA 72	HPLC	II
Fruit Juices and Nectars	Determination of glucose fructose and saccharose EN 12630 IFUMA 67 NMKL 148	HPLC	II
Fruit Juices and Nectars	Determination of gluconic acid IFUMA 76	Enzymatic determination	II
Fruit Juices and Nectars	Determination of glycerol IFUMA 77	Enzymatic determination	II
Fruit Juices and Nectars	Determination of hesperidin and naringin EN 12148 IFUMA 58	HPLC	II
Fruit Juices and Nectars	Determination of hydroxymethylfurfural IFUMA 69	HPLC	II
Fruit Juices and Nectars	Determination of hydroxymethylfurfural ISO 7466	Spectrometry	III
Fruit Juices and Nectars	Determination of isocitric acid-D IFUMA 54	Enzymatic determination	II
Fruit Juices and Nectars	Determination of Lactic acid- D and L EN 12631 IFUMA 53	Enzymatic determination	II
Fruit Juices and Nectars	Determination of L-malic/total malic acid ratio in apple juice AOAC 993.05	Enzymatic determination and HPLC	II
Fruit Juices and Nectars	Determination of naringin and neohesperidin in orange juice AOAC 999.05	HPLC	III
Fruit Juices and Nectars	Determination of pH-value NMKL 179 EN 1132 IFUMA 11 ISO 1842	Potentiometry	II
Fruit Juices and Nectars	Determination of phosphorus/phosphate EN 1136 IFUMA No 50	Photometric determination	II
Fruit Juices and Nectars	Determination of proline by photometry – non-specific determination EN 1141 IFUMA 49	Photometry	I

Fruit Juices and Nectars

Fruit Juices and Nectars	Determination of relative density EN 1131 (1993); IFUMA 01 & IFU Method No General sheet (1971)	Pycnometry	II
Fruit Juices and Nectars	Determination of Relative density IFUMA 01A	Densitometry	III
Fruit Juices and Nectars	Determination of sodium, potassium, calcium, magnesium in fruit juices EN 1134 IFUMA 33	Atomic Absorption Spectroscopy	II
Fruit Juices and Nectars	Determination of sorbitol-D IFUMA62	Enzymatic determination	II
Fruit Juices and Nectars	Determination of stable carbon isotope ratio in the pulp of fruit juices ENV 13070 Analytica Chimica Acta 340 (1997)	Stable isotope mass spectrometry	II
Fruit Juices and Nectars	Determination of stable carbon isotope ratio of sugars from fruit juices ENV 12140 Analytica Chimica Acta.271 (1993)	Stable isotope mass spectrometry	II
Fruit Juices and Nectars	Determination of stable hydrogen isotope ratio of water from fruit juices ENV 12142	Stable isotope mass spectrometry	II
Fruit Juices and Nectars	Determination of stable oxygen isotope ratio in fruit juice water ENV 12141	Stable isotope mass spectrometry	II
Fruit Juices and Nectars	Detection of starch AOAC 925.38 IFUMA 73	Colorimetric	I
Fruit Juices and Nectars	Determination of sugar beet derived syrups in frozen concentrated orange juice $\delta^{18}\text{O}$ Measurements in Water AOAC 992.09	Oxygen isotope ratio analysis	I
Fruit Juices and Nectars	Determination of titrable acids, total EN 12147 IFUMA 03 ISO 750	Titrimetry	I
Fruit Juices and Nectars	Determination of total dry matter (vacuum- oven drying at 70°C)* EN 12145 IFUMA 61	Gravimetric determination	I

Fruit Juices and Nectars

Fruit Juices and Nectars		Determination of total solids (Microwave oven drying)* AOAC 985.26	Gravimetric determination	I
Fruit Juices and Nectars		Determination of Vitamin C (dehydro-ascorbic acid and ascorbic acid) AOAC 967.22	Microfluorometry	III

* Because there is no numerical value in the Standard duplicate Type I methods have been included which may lead to different results.

Milk and Milk Products

Milk products	Iron	NMKL 139 AOAC 999.11 (Codex general method)	Atomic absorption spectrophotometry	II
Milk products	Iron	NMKL 161 / AOAC 999.10	Atomic absorption spectrophotometry	III
Milk products	Iron	AOAC 984.27	Inductively Coupled Plasma optical emission spectrophotometry	III
Milk products	Iron	ISO 6732 IDF 103	Photometry (bathophenanthroline)	IV
Milk and Milk Products	Melamine	ISO/TS 15495 IDF/RM 230	LC-MS/MS	IV
Milk products (products not completely soluble in ammonia)	Milk fat	ISO 8262-3 IDF 124-3	Gravimetry (Weibull-Berntrop)	I
Blend of evaporated skimmed milk and vegetable fat	Total fat	ISO 1737 IDF 13	Gravimetry (Röse-Gottlieb)	I
Blend of evaporated skimmed milk and vegetable fat	Milk solids-not-fat ¹⁵ (MSNF)	ISO 6731 IDF 21 and ISO 1737 IDF 13	Calculation from total solids content and fat content Gravimetry (Röse-Gottlieb)	I
Blend of evaporated skimmed milk and vegetable fat	Milk protein in MSNF ¹⁵	ISO 8968-1 IDF 20-1/ AOAC 991.20	Titrimetry (Kjeldahl)	IV

¹⁵ Milk total solids and Milk solids-not-fat (MSNF) content include water of crystallization of lactose

Reduced fat blend of evaporated skimmed milk and vegetable fat	Total fat	ISO 1737 IDF 13	Gravimetry (Röse-Gottlieb)	I
Reduced fat blend of evaporated skimmed milk and vegetable fat	Milk solids-not-fat (MSNF)	ISO 6731 IDF 21 and ISO 1737 IDF 13	Calculation from total solids content and fat content Gravimetry (Röse-Gottlieb)	I
Reduced fat blend of Evaporated skimmed milk and vegetable fat	Milk protein in MSNF ¹⁵	ISO 8968-1 IDF 20-1/ AOAC 991.20	Titrimetry (Kjeldahl)	IV
Blend of skimmed milk and vegetable fat in powdered form	Total fat	ISO 1736 IDF 9	Gravimetry (Röse-Gottlieb)	I
Milk and Milk Products				
Blend of skimmed milk and vegetable fat in powdered form	Water ¹⁶	ISO 5537 IDF 26	Gravimetry, drying at 87 °C	I
Blend of skimmed milk and vegetable fat in powdered form	Milk protein in MSNF ¹⁴	ISO 8968-1 IDF 20-1/ AOAC 991.20	Titrimetry (Kjeldahl)	IV
Reduced fat blend of skimmed milk powder and vegetable fat in powdered form	Total fat	ISO 1736 IDF 9	Gravimetry (Röse-Gottlieb)	I
Reduced fat blend of skimmed milk powder and vegetable fat in powdered form	Water ¹⁵	ISO 5537 IDF 26	Gravimetry, drying at 87 °C	I
Reduced fat blend of skimmed milk powder and vegetable fat in powdered form	Milk protein in MSNF ¹⁴	ISO 8968-1 IDF 20-1/ AOAC 991.20	Titrimetry (Kjeldahl)	IV
Blend of sweetened condensed skimmed milk and vegetable fat	Total fat	ISO 1737 IDF 13	Gravimetry (Röse-Gottlieb)	I
Blend of sweetened condensed skimmed milk and vegetable fat	Sucrose	ISO 2911 IDF 35	Polarimetry	IV
Blend of sweetened condensed skimmed milk and vegetable fat	Milk solids-not-fat (MSNF)	ISO 6734 IDF 15	Calculation from total solids content, fat content and sugar content	IV
Blend of sweetened condensed skimmed milk and vegetable fat	Milk protein in MSNF	ISO 8968-1 IDF 20-1/ AOAC 991.20	Titrimetry (Kjeldahl)	IV
Reduced fat blend of sweetened condensed skimmed milk and vegetable fat	Total fat	ISO 1737 IDF 13	Gravimetry (Röse-Gottlieb)	I

¹⁶ Water content excluding the crystallized water bound to lactose (generally known as “moisture content”)

Reduced fat blend of sweetened condensed skimmed milk and vegetable fat	Milk solids-not-fat (MSNF)	ISO 6734 IDF 15	Calculation from total solids content and sugar content	IV
Reduced fat blend of sweetened condensed skimmed milk and vegetable fat	Milk protein in MSNF ¹⁴	ISO 8968-1 IDF 20-1/ AOAC 991.20	Titrimetry (Kjeldahl)	IV
Butter	Copper	ISO 5738 IDF 76AOAC 960.40	Photometry, diethyldithiocarbamate	II
Butter	Lead	AOAC 972.25 (Codex general method)	Atomic absorption spectrophotometry	II
Milk and Milk Products				
Butter	Milk solids-not-fat (MSNF)	ISO 3727-2 IDF 80-2	Gravimetry	I
Butter	Milkfat	ISO 17189 IDF 194	Gravimetry Direct determination of fat using solvent extraction	I
Butter	Milk fat purity	ISO 17678 IDF 202	Calculation from determination of triglycerides by gas chromatography	I
Butter	Salt	ISO 1738 IDF 12/ AOAC 960.29	Titrimetry (Mohr: determination of chloride, expressed as sodium chloride)	III
Butter	Salt	ISO 15648 IDF 179	Potentiometry (determination of chloride, expressed as sodium chloride)	II
Butter	Vegetable fat (sterols)	ISO 12078 IDF 159	Gas chromatography	II
Butter	Vegetable fat (sterols)	ISO 18252 IDF 200	Gas chromatography	III
Butter	Water ¹⁶	ISO 37271 IDF 80	Gravimetry	I
Cheese	Citric acid	ISO/TS 2963 IDF/RM 34	Enzymatic method	IV
Cheese	Citric acid	AOAC 976.15	Photometry	II
Cheese	Milkfat	ISO 1735 IDF 5	Gravimetry (Schmid-Bondzynski-Ratslaff)	I
Cheese	Moisture	ISO 5534 IDF 4	Gravimetry, drying at 102 °C	I

Cheese (and cheese rind)	Natamycin	ISO 9233-1 IDF 140-1	Molecular absorption spectrophotometry	III
		ISO 9233-2 IDF 140-2	HPLC	II
Cheese	Sodium chloride	ISO 5943 IDF 88	Potentiometry (determination of chloride, expressed as sodium chloride)	II
Cheeses, individual	Dry matter (Total solids)	ISO 5534 IDF 4	Gravimetry, drying at 102°C	I
Milk and Milk Products				
Cheeses, individual	Milk fat in dry matter	ISO 1735 IDF 5	Gravimetry (Schmid-Bondzynski-Ratzlaff)	I
Cheeses, individual	Dry matter (Total solids)	ISO 5534 IDF 4	Gravimetry, drying at 102°C	I
Cheeses in brine	Milk fat in dry matter (FDM)	ISO 1735 IDF 5	Gravimetry (Schmid-Bondzynski-Ratzlaff)	I
Cottage cheese	Fat-free dry matter	ISO 5534 IDF 4 and ISO 1735 IDF 5	Calculation from dry matter content and fat content Gravimetry, drying at 102 °C Gravimetry (Schmid-Bondzynski-Ratzlaff)	I
Cottage cheese	Milk fat	ISO 1735 IDF 5	Gravimetry (Schmid-Bondzynski-Ratzlaff) (for samples containing lactose up to 5%)	I
		ISO 8262-3 IDF 124-3	Gravimetry (Weibull-Berntrop) (for samples containing lactose over 5%)	I
Cottage cheese	Milk fat in dry matter	ISO 8262-3 IDF 124-3	Gravimetry (Weibull-Berntrop)	I
Cheese, Unripened Including Fresh Cheese	Milk Protein	ISO 8968-1 IDF 20-1/ AOAC 991.20 and 991.23	Titrimetry, Kjeldahl	I
Cream and Prepared Creams	Milk protein	ISO 8968-1 IDF 20-1/ AOAC 991.20	Titrimetry (Kjeldahl)	I
Cream	Milkfat	ISO 2450 IDF 16	Gravimetry (Röse-Gottlieb)	I
Cream	Solids	ISO 6731 IDF 21	Gravimetry (drying at 102°C)	I
Creams Lowered in Milkfat Content	Milkfat	ISO 2450 IDF 16 / AOAC 995.19	Gravimetry (Röse-Gottlieb)	I
Creams, Whipped Creams and Fermented Creams	Milk solids-not-fat (MSNF) ¹⁵	ISO 3727-2 IDF 80-2 AOAC 920.116	Gravimetry	I

Cream cheese	Dry matter	ISO 5534 IDF 4	Gravimetry drying at 102 °C (forced air oven)	I
Cream cheese	Moisture on fat free basis	ISO 5534 IDF 4 ISO 1735 IDF 5	Calculation from fat content and moisture content Gravimetry drying at 102°C (forced air oven) Gravimetry (Schmid-Bondzynski-Ratzlaff)	I
Milk and Milk Products				
Dairy fat spreads	Milk fat purity	ISO 17678 IDF 202	Calculation from determination of triglycerides by gas chromatography	I
Dairy fat spreads	Total fat	ISO 17189 IDF 194	Gravimetry Direct determination of fat using solvent extraction	VII.
Dairy fat spreads	Vegetable fat (sterols)	ISO 12078 IDF 159	Gas chromatography	VIII.
Dairy fat spreads	Vegetable fat (sterols)	ISO 18252 IDF 200	Gas chromatography	IX.
				X.
Edible casein products	Acids, free	ISO 5547 IDF 91	Titrimetry (aqueous extract)	IV
Edible casein products	Ash (including P ₂ O ₅)	ISO 5545 IDF 90 or ¹⁷ ISO 5544 IDF 89	Gravimetry (ashing at 825 °C)	I
Edible casein products	Copper	AOAC 985.35	Atomic absorption spectrophotometry	II
Edible casein products	Copper	ISO 5738 IDF 76	Colorimetry (diethyldiethiocarbamate)	III
Edible casein products	Lactose	ISO 5548 IDF 106	Photometry (phenol and H ₂ SO ₄)	IV
Edible casein products	Lead	NMKL 139 (Codex general method) AOAC 999.11	Atomic absorption spectrophotometry	II

¹⁷ Refer to scope of methods

Edible casein products	Lead	NMKL 161 / AOAC 999.10	Atomic absorption spectrophotometry	III
Edible casein products	Lead	AOAC 972.25 (Codex general method)	Atomic absorption spectrophotometry	III
Edible casein products	Lead	AOAC 982.23 (Codex general method)	Anodic stripping voltammetry	III
Edible casein products	Lead	ISO/TS 6733 IDF/RM 133	Spectrophotometry (1,5-diphenylthiocarbazone)	IV
Milk and Milk Products				
Edible casein products	Milkfat	ISO 5543 IDF 127	Gravimetry (Schmid-Bondzynski-Ratslaff)	I
Edible casein products	pH	ISO 5546 IDF 115	Electrometry	IV
Edible casein products	Milk Protein (total N x 6.38 in dry matter)	ISO 8968-1 IDF 20-1	Titrimetry, Kjeldahl	I
Edible casein products	Sediment (scorched particles)	ISO 5739 IDF 107	Visual comparison with standard disks, after filtration	IV
Edible casein products	Water ¹⁶	ISO 5550 IDF 78	Gravimetry (drying at 102 °C)	I
Emmental	Calcium >= 800mg/100g	ISO 8070 IDF 119	Flame atomic absorption	IV
Evaporated milks	Milk fat	ISO 1737 IDF 13	Gravimetry (Röse-Gottlieb)	I
Evaporated milks	Milk Protein in MSNF ¹⁵	ISO 8968-1 IDF 20-1/ AOAC 945.48H / AOAC 991.20	Titrimetry (Kjeldahl)	I
Evaporated milks	Solids, total	ISO 6731 IDF 21	Gravimetry (drying at 102°C)	I
Fermented milks	Colony-forming units of yeasts and/or moulds	ISO 6611 IDF 94	Colony-count at 25 °C	IV
Fermented milks	Dry matter (total solids)	ISO 13580 IDF 151	Gravimetry (drying at 102 °C)	I
Fermented milks	total acidity expressed as percentage of lactic acid	ISO/TS 11869 IDF/RM 150	Potentiometry, titration to pH 8.30	I
Fermented milks	<i>Lactobacillus acidophilus</i>	ISO 20128 IDF 192	Colony count at 37 °C	I

Fermented milks - Yoghurt and yoghurt products	<i>Lactobacillus delbrueckii</i> subsp <i>bulgaricus</i> & <i>Streptococcus</i> <i>thermophilus</i>	ISO 7889 IDF 117	Colony count at 37°C	I
Fermented milks - Yoghurt and yoghurt products	<i>Lactobacillus delbrueckii</i> subsp <i>bulgaricus</i> & <i>Streptococcus</i> <i>thermophilus</i>	ISO 9232 IDF 146	Test for strain identification	I
Fermented milks	Microorganisms constituting the starter culture	ISO 27205 IDF 149(Annex A)	Colony count at 25 °C, 30 °C, 37 °C and 45 °C according to the starter organism in question	IV
Milk and Milk Products				
Fermented milks	Milk fat	ISO 1211 IDF 1 / AOAC 989.05	Gravimetry (Röse-Gottlieb)	I
Fermented milks	Milk Protein	ISO 8968-1 IDF 20-1/ AOAC 991.20	Titrimetry (Kjeldahl)	I
Milk powders and cream powders	Acidity, titratable	ISO 6091 IDF 86	Titrimetry, titration to pH 8.4	I
Milk powders and cream powders	Milk fat	ISO 1736 IDF 9	Gravimetry (Röse-Gottlieb)	I
Milk powders and cream powders	Milk Protein	ISO 8968-1 IDF 20-1 / AOAC 991.20	Titrimetry (Kjeldahl)	I
Milk powders and cream powders	Scorched particles	ISO 5739 IDF 107	Visual comparison with standard disks, after filtration	IV
Milk powders and cream powders	Solubility Index	ISO 8156 IDF 129	Centrifugation	I
Milk powders and cream powders	Water ¹⁸	ISO 5537 IDF 26 ¹⁸	Gravimetry (drying at 87°C)	I
Milk fat Products	Copper	ISO 5738 IDF 76 AOAC 960.40	Photometry, diethyldithiocarbamate	II
Milk fat products	Fatty acids, free (expressed as oleic acid)	ISO 1740 IDF 6	Titrimetry	I
Milk fat products	Milk fat purity	ISO 17678 IDF 202	Calculation from determination of triglycerides by gas chromatography	I
Milk fat Products	Peroxide value (expressed as meq. of oxygen/kg fat)	ISO 3976 IDF 74	Photometry	I
Milkfat products (anhydrous milkfat)	Peroxide value	AOAC 965.33	Titrimetry	I
Milk fat products	Vegetable fat (sterols)	ISO 12078 IDF 159 ISO 18252 IDF 200	Gas chromatography	II
Milk fat products	Water	ISO 5536 IDF 23	Titrimetry (Karl Fischer)	II
Milk fat products (anhydrous milk fat)	Peroxide value	ISO 3976 IDF 74	Photometry	I

¹⁸ Water content excluding the crystallized water bound to lactose (generally known as “moisture content”).

Milkfat products (anhydrous milkfat)	Peroxide value	AOAC 965.33	Titrimetry	I
Mozzarella	Milkfat in dry matter – with high moisture	ISO 1735 IDF 5	Gravimetry after solvent extraction	I
Mozzarella	Milkfat in dry matter – with low moisture	ISO 1735 IDF 5	Gravimetry after solvent extraction	I
Sweetened condensed milk	Milkfat	ISO 1737 IDF 13	Gravimetry (Röse-Gottlieb)	I
Sweetened Condensed Milks	Milk Protein in MNSF ¹⁵	ISO 8968-1 IDF 20-1 / AOAC 945.48H / AOAC 991.20	Titrimetry (Kjeldahl)	I
Milk and Milk Products				
Sweetened Condensed Milks	Solids	ISO 6734 IDF 15	Gravimetry, drying at 102 °C	I
Whey cheeses by coagulation	Milk fat	ISO 1735 IDF 5	Gravimetry (Schmid-Bondzynski-Ratzlaff)	I
Whey cheeses by coagulation	Milk fat in dry matter	ISO 1735 IDF 5 and ISO 5534 IDF 4	Calculation from fat content and dry matter content Gravimetry (Schmid-Bondzynski-Ratzlaff) Gravimetry, drying at 102°C	I
Whey cheeses by concentration	Milk fat	ISO 1854 IDF 59	Gravimetry (Röse Gottlieb)	I
Whey cheeses by concentration	Milk fat in dry matter	ISO 1854 IDF 59 and ISO 2920 IDF 58	Calculation from fat content and dry matter content Gravimetry (Röse Gottlieb) Gravimetry, drying at 88 °C	I
Whey powders	Ash	ISO 5545 IDF 90	Gravimetry (ashing at 825°C)	IV
Whey powders	Copper	AOAC 985.35	Atomic absorption spectrophotometry	II
Whey powders	Copper	ISO 5738 IDF 76	Photometry (diethyldithiocarbamate)	III
Whey Powders	Lactose	ISO 5765-1/2 IDF 79-1/2	Enzymatic method: Part 1 - Glucose moiety or Part 2 - Galactose moiety	II
Whey powders	Lead	AOAC 972.25 (Codex general method)	Atomic absorption spectrophotometry	II
Whey powders	Milkfat	ISO 1736 IDF 9	Gravimetry (Röse-Gottlieb)	I
Whey powders	Milk protein (total N x 6.38)	ISO 8968-1 IDF 20-1/ AOAC 991.20	Titrimetry (Kjeldahl)	I
Whey powders	Moisture, "Free"	ISO 2920 IDF 58	Gravimetry (drying at 88 °C ±2°C)	IV

Whey powders	Water ¹⁹	ISO 5537 IDF 26	Gravimetry (drying at 87 °C)	I
Natural Mineral Waters				
Natural mineral waters	Calcium	ISO 7980	Atomic absorption spectrophotometry	III
Natural mineral waters	Chloride	<i>Examination of Water Pollution Control.</i> WHO Pergamon Press (1982) Vol. 2, pp. 205-208		II
Natural mineral waters	Chloride	AOAC 973.51	Titrimetry (Mercuric nitrate)	III
Natural mineral waters	Chloride	ISO 9297	Titrimetry	III
Natural mineral waters	Coliform organism, thermotolerant organism and presumptive <i>Escherichia coli</i>	ISO 9308-1	Membrane filtration	I
Natural mineral waters	Faecal Streptococci	ISO 7899-2	Membrane filtration	I
Natural mineral waters	Iron, dissolved	ISO 6332	Spectrophotometry	II
Natural mineral waters	Magnesium	ISO 6059	Titrimetry	II
Natural mineral waters	Magnesium	ISO 7980	Atomic absorption spectrophotometry	III
Natural mineral waters	Phenols	ISO 6439	Spectrophotometry	I
Natural mineral waters	Potassium	<i>Examination of Water Pollution Control.</i> WHO Pergamon Press (1982) Vol.2, pp. 142-145		II
Natural mineral waters	Sodium	<i>Examination of Water Pollution Control.</i> WHO Pergamon Press (1982) Vol.2 pp. 148-151		II
Natural mineral waters	Sodium	<i>Examination of Water Pollution Control.</i> WHO Pergamon Press (1982) Vol.2, pp. 151-152		III
Natural mineral waters	Spores of sulphite-reducing anaerobes (Clostridia)	ISO 6461-2	Membrane filtration	I

¹⁹ Water content excluding the crystallized water bound to lactose (generally known as “moisture content”)

Natural mineral waters	Sulphates	ISO 9280	Gravimetry	III
Natural mineral waters	Sulphide	<i>Handb. Spurenanal.</i> 1974		IV

Criteria applicable to health-related substances in the Standard for Natural Mineral Waters

Provision	ML (mg/L)	Min. applicable range (mg/L)	LOD (mg/L)	LOQ (mg/L)	Precision RSDR (%) No more than	Recovery (%)	Suggested methods meeting the criteria	Principle
Antimony	0.005	0.0028	0.001	0.002	44	80-110	ISO 17294-2 ISO 15586 EPA 200.8	ICP-MS GF-AAS ICP-MS
Arsenic	0.01	0.0056	0.002	0.004	44	90-107	ISO 17294-2 ISO 15586 ISO 11969 EPA 200.8	ICP-MS GF-AAS AAS (Hydride) ICP-MS
Barium	0.7	0.35	0.07	0.14	34	95-105	ISO 11885 ISO 17294-2 EPA 200.8	ICP-OES ICP-MS ICP-MS
Borate	5	3.1	0.5	1	25	97-103	ISO 9390 ISO 11885 ISO 17294-2	Spectrophotometry ICP-OES ²⁰ ICP-MS ²⁰
Cadmium	0.003	0.0017	0.0006	0.0012	44	80-110	ISO 11885 ISO 17294-2 ISO 15586 ISO 5961 (Section 3) EPA 200.8	ICP-OES ICP-MS GF-AAS AAS ICP-MS
Chromium	0.05	0.028	0.01	0.02	44	90-107	ISO 11885 ISO 17294-2 ISO 15586 ISO 18412 (Cr VI) ISO 23913 (Cr VI) ISO 9174 (Section 4) EPA 200.8	ICP-OES ICP-MS GF-AAS Photometric CIA, spectrophotometry AAS ICP-MS
Copper	1	0.52	0.1	0.2	32	97-103	ISO 11885 ISO 17294-2 ISO 15586 ISO 8288 EPA 200.8	ICP-OES ICP-MS GF-AAS Flame-AAS ICP-MS
Cyanide	0.07	0.039	0.014	0.028	44	90-107	ISO 14403 ISO 6703-1	CFA Photometric, trimetric
Fluoride	1.0	0.52	0.1	0.2	32	97-103	ISO 10304-1 ISO 10359-1 (dissolved fluoride) ISO 10359-2 (inorganic bound)	LC of ions Electrochemical probe Digestion, distillation

²⁰ Total Boron is determined

Provision	ML (mg/L)	Min. applicable range (mg/L)	LOD (mg/L)	LOQ (mg/L)	Precision RSDR (%) No more than	Recovery (%)	Suggested methods meeting the criteria	Principle
Lead	0.01	0.0056	0.002	0.004	44	90-107	ISO 17294-2 ISO 15586 EPA 200.8	ICP-MS GF-AAS ICP-MS
Manganese	0.4	0.18	0.04	0.08	37	95-105	ISO 11885 ISO 17294-2 ISO 15586 EPA 200.8	ICP-OES ICP-MS GF-AAS ICP-MS
Mercury	0.001	0.00056	0.0002	0.0004	44	80-110	EN 1483 ISO 17852 ISO 5666 ISO 16590 EPA 200.8	AAS Enrichment by amalgamation (III) AFS AAS after tin(II) chloride reduction Enrichment by amalgamation (III) ICP-MS
Nickel	0.02	0.011	0.004	0.008	44	90-107	ISO 17294-2 ISO 15586 EPA 200.8	ICP-MS GF-AAS ICP-MS
Nitrate	50	37	5	10	18	98-102	ISO 10304-1 ISO 13395 ISO 7890-3	LC of ions CFA, FIA, Spectrophotometry Spectrophotometry
Nitrite	0.1	0.03	0.01	0.02	44	95-105	ISO 10304-1 ISO 13395 ISO 6777	LC of ions UV CFA, FIA, Spectrophotometry Spectrophotometry
Selenium	0.01	0.0056	0.002	0.004	44	90-107	ISO 17294-2 ISO 15586 ISO 9965 EPA 200.8	ICP-MS GF-AAS AAS (Hydride) ICP-MS

Performance characteristics of suggested methods

Provision	ML	Applicable range-from:	LOD	RSDR (%)	Recovery (%)	Suggested methods	Principle
Surface active agents	-	0.05 – 5.0 mg/L	0.05 mg/l	< 44	70-100	ISO 16265	CFA
Mineral oil (hydrocarbon index)	-	>0.1 mg/L		< 41	71-102	ISO 9377-2	GC
PCB	-	>15 ng/L		<20	70-130	AOAC 990.06	GC ECD
Pesticide (organochlorine)	-	> 15 ng/ L		<20	70-130	AOAC 990.06	GC ECD
PAH	-	0.005 µg/L		<10	80-110	ISO 17993	HPLC FD
		0.04 µg/L		<18	80-110	ISO 7981-1	TLC
		0.005 µg/L		<19	80-100	ISO 7981-2	HPLC

Processed Fruits and Vegetables				
Commodity	Provision	Method	Principle	Type
Processed fruits and vegetables	Benzoic acid	NMKL 124	Liquid Chromatography	II
Processed fruits and vegetables	Benzoic acid	NMKL 103; or AOAC 983.16	Gas Chromatography	III
Processed fruits and vegetables	Calcium	AOAC 968.31	Complexometry/ Titrimetry	II
Processed fruits and vegetables	Drained Weight	AOAC 968.30 (Codex General Method)	Sieving Gravimetry	I
Processed fruits and vegetables	Fill of containers	CAC/RM 46 (reference to "metal containers" deleted and refer to ISO 90-1 for determination of water capacity in metal containers)	Weighing	I
Processed fruits and vegetables	Lead	AOAC 972.25 (Codex general method)	AAS (Flame absorption)	III
Processed fruits and vegetables	Packing medium Canned berry fruits (raspberry, strawberry)	AOAC 932.12 ISO 2173	Refractometry	I
Processed fruits and Vegetables (except canned bamboo shoots, pH determined by AOAC 981.12)	pH	ISO 1842	Potentiometry	IV
Processed fruits and vegetables	pH	AOAC 981.12	Potentiometry	III
Processed fruits and vegetables	pH	NMKL 179	Potentiometry	II
Processed fruits and vegetables	Soluble solids	ISO 2173 AOAC 932.12	Refractometry	I
Processed fruits and vegetables	Sorbates	NMKL 103 / AOAC 983.16	Gas Chromatography	III
Processed fruits and vegetables	Sorbates	NMKL 124	Liquid Chromatography	II
Processed fruits and vegetables	Tin	AOAC 980.19 (Codex general method)	AAS	II

Commodity	Provision	Method	Principle	Type
Processed fruits and vegetables	Total solids	AOAC 920.151	Gravimetry	I
Aqueous Coconut Products	Total Fats	ISO 1211 IDF 1	Gravimetry (Röse-Gottlieb)	I
Aqueous Coconut Products	Total solids	ISO 6731 IDF 21	Gravimetry	I
Aqueous Coconut Products	Non-fat solids	ISO 1211 IDF 1 ISO 6731 IDF 21	Calculation: Gravimetry (Röse-Gottlieb) Gravimetry	I
Aqueous Coconut Products	Moisture	ISO 6731 IDF 21	Calculation: Gravimetry	I
Canned Apple Sauce	Fill of containers	CAC/RM 46 (for glass containers) (Codex general method for processed fruits and vegetables) and ISO 90-1 (for metal containers) (Codex general method for processed fruits and vegetables)	Weighing	I
Canned Apple Sauce	Soluble solids	AOAC 932.12 ISO 2173 (Codex general method for processed fruits and vegetables)	Refractometry	I
Canned green beans and wax beans	Tough strings	CAC/RM 39	Stretching	I
Canned green peas	Proper fill (in lieu of drained weight)	CAC/RM 45	Pouring and measuring	I
Canned green peas	Types of peas, distinguishing	CAC/RM 48	Visual inspection	I
Canned mangoes	Syrup	AOAC 932.14C	Brix spindle method	I
Canned mushrooms	Washed drained weight	CAC/RM 44	Sieving	I
Canned palmito	Mineral impurities	ISO 762	Gravimetry	I
Canned Stone Fruits	Drained weight	AOAC 968.30 ISO:2173	Gravimetry	I
Canned Stone Fruits	Soluble solids	AOAC 932.14C	Refractometry	I
Canned strawberries	Calcium	AOAC 968.31	Complexometric titrimetry	II

Commodity	Provision	Method	Principle	Type
Canned strawberries	Mineral impurities	AOAC 971.33	Gravimetry	I
Certain canned citrus fruits	Calcium	NMKL 153	Atomic Absorption Spectrophotometry	II
Certain canned citrus fruits	Calcium	AOAC 968.31	Complexometry Titrimetry	III
Certain Canned Vegetables (palmito)	Mineral impurities (sand)	AOAC 971.33 ISO 762	Gravimetry	I
Citrus marmalade	Calcium	AOAC 968.31	Complexometric titrimetry	II
Dates	Identification of defects	Described in the Standard	Visual inspection	I
Dates	Moisture	AOAC 934.06	Gravimetry (vacuum oven)	I
Desiccated coconut	Total acidity of the extracted oil	ISO 660 or AOCS Cd 3d-63	Titrimetry	I
Desiccated coconut	Ash	AOAC 950.49	Gravimetry	I
Desiccated coconut	Extraneous vegetable matter	Described in the Standard	Counting extraneous material with the naked eye	IV
Desiccated coconut	Moisture	AOAC 925.40	Gravimetry (loss on drying)	I
Desiccated coconut	Oil content	AOAC 948.22	Gravimetry	I
Dried apricots	Identification of defects	Described in the Standard	Visual inspection (weighing)	I
Dried apricots	Moisture	AOAC 934.06	Gravimetry (vacuum oven)	I
Dried apricots	Sulphur dioxide	AOAC 963.20	Colorimetry	II
Jams (fruit preserves) and jellies	Fill of Containers	CAC/RM 46	Weighing	I
Jams (fruit preserves) and jellies	Soluble solids	ISO 2173 AOAC 932.12	Refractometry	I
Mango chutney	Ash insoluble in HCl	ISO 763	Gravimetry	I
Pickled cucumbers	Acidity, total	AOAC 942.15	Titrimetry	I
Pickled cucumbers	Drained weight	AOAC 968.30	Gravimetry	I
Pickled cucumbers	Mineral impurities	AOAC 971.33	Gravimetry	I

Commodity	Provision	Method	Principle	Type
Pickled cucumbers	Salt in brine	AOAC 971.27 (Codex general method)	Potentiometry	II
Pickled cucumbers	Volume fill by displacement	Described in the Standard	Displacement	I
Preserved tomatoes	Calcium	AOAC 968.31	Complexometric titrimetry	III
Preserved tomatoes	Calcium	NMKL 153	Atomic Absorption Spectrophotometry	II
Preserved tomatoes	Minimum Drained Weight	AOAC 968.30	Gravimetry (sieving) note: Use a No. 14 screen instead of '7/16' or No. 8	I
Preserved tomatoes	Mould count	AOAC 965.41	Howard mould count	I
Processed tomato concentrates	Lactic acid	EN 2631	Enzymatic determination	II
Processed tomato concentrates	Mineral impurities (sand)	AOAC 971.33	Gravimetry	IV
Processed tomato concentrates	Mould count	AOAC 965.41	Howard mould count	I
Processed tomato concentrates	Natural tomato soluble solids	AOAC 970.59	Refractometry	I
Processed tomato concentrates	Sodium chloride	AOAC 971.27 (Codex general method)	Potentiometry	II
Processed tomato concentrates	Tomato soluble solids	AOAC 970.59	Refractometry	I
Raisins	Mineral impurities	CAC/RM 51	Ashing	I
Raisins	Mineral oil	CAC/RM 52	Extraction and separation on alumina	II
Raisins	Moisture	AOAC 972.20	Electrical conductance	I
Raisins	Sorbitol	AOAC 973.28	Gas chromatography	II
Raisins	Sulphur dioxide	AOAC 963.20	Colorimetry	II
Table olives	Drained weight	AOAC 968.30 (Codex general method for processed fruits and vegetables)	Sieving Gravimetry	I

Table olives	Fill of containers	CAC/RM 46* (for glass containers) (Codex general method for processed fruits and vegetables) and ISO 90-1 (for metal containers) (Codex general method for processed fruits and vegetables)	Weighing	I
Commodity	Provision	Method	Principle	Type
Table olives	pH of brine	NMKL 179 (Codex general method for processed fruits and vegetables)	Potentiometry	II
		AOAC 981.12 (Codex general method for processed fruits and vegetables)		III
		ISO 1842		IV
Table olives	Salt in brine	AOAC 971.27 NMKL 178 (Codex general method)	Potentiometry	II
		ISO 3634 "chloride expressed as sodium chloride" (Codex general method for processed fruits and vegetables)		III
Table olives	Lead	AOAC 999.11 NMKL 139 (Codex general method)	AAS (Flame absorption)	II
Table olives	Tin	NMKL 190 EN 15764	AAS	II

*** DETERMINATION OF WATER CAPACITY OF CONTAINERS (CAC/RM 46)**

1. SCOPE

This method applies to glass containers.

2. DEFINITION

The water capacity of a container is the volume of distilled water at 20°C which the sealed container will hold when completely filled.

3. PROCEDURE

3.1 Select a container which is undamaged in all respects.

3.2 Wash, dry and weigh the empty container.

3.3 Fill the container with distilled water at 20°C to the level of the top thereof, and weigh the container thus filled.

4. CALCULATION AND EXPRESSION OF RESULTS

Subtract the weight found in 3.2 from the weight found in 3.3. The difference shall be considered to be the weight of water required to fill the container. Results are expressed as mL of water.

Products	Provisions	Method	Principle	Type
Aqueous coconut products	Total Fats	ISO 1211 IDF 1	Gravimetry (Röse-Gottlieb)	I
Aqueous coconut products	Totals Solids	ISO 6731 IDF 21	Gravimetry	I
Aqueous coconut products	Non-fat solids	ISO 1211 IDF 1 ISO 6731 IDF 21	Calculation: Gravimetry (Röse-Gottlieb) Gravimetry	I
Aqueous coconut products	Moisture	ISO 6731 IDF 21	Gravimetry	I

Quick Frozen Fruits and Vegetables

Quick frozen fruits and vegetables	Net weight	CAC/RM 34	Weighing	I
Quick frozen fruits and vegetables	Thawing procedure	CAC/RM 32	Thawing	I
Quick frozen fruits and vegetables: Berries, leek and carrot	Mineral impurities	CAC/RM 54	Flotation and sedimentation	I
Quick frozen fruits and vegetables: Berries, Whole kernel corn and Corn-on-the-cob	Soluble solids, total	CAC/RM 43	Refractometry	I
Quick frozen fruits and vegetables: Peaches and berries	Drained fruit/drained berries	Described in the Standards	Draining	I
Quick frozen fruits and vegetables: Vegetables	Cooking procedure	CAC/RM 33	Cooking	I
Quick frozen French fried potatoes	Moisture	AOAC 984.25	Gravimetry (convection oven)	I
Quick frozen green and wax beans	Tough strings	CAC/RM 39	Stretching	I

Quick frozen peas	Solids, alcohol insoluble	CAC/RM 35	Gravimetry	I
Quick frozen spinach	Dry matter, Salt-free	Described in the Standard	Weighing	I
Processed Meat and Poultry Products and Soups and Broths				
Meat Products	Nitrates and/or Nitrites	EN 12014-3	Spectrometric determination of nitrate and nitrite content of meat products after enzymatic reduction of nitrate to nitrite	III
Meat Products	Nitrates and/or Nitrites	EN 12014-4 NMKL 165	Ion-exchange chromatographic method	III
Processed meat and poultry products	Fat	ISO 1443	Gravimetry	I
Processed meat and poultry products	Lead	AOAC 934.07	Colorimetry (dithizone)	II
Processed meat and poultry products	Nitrates	ISO 3091	Colorimetry (cadmium reduction)	II
Processed meat and poultry products	Nitrites	ISO 2918	Colorimetry	IV
Processed meat and poultry products	Tin	AOAC 985.16 (Codex general method)	Atomic absorption spectrophotometry	II
Processed meat and poultry products	Nitrogen/protein	ISO 937	Titrimetry	II
Bouillons and Consommés (soups and broths)	Amino nitrogen	AIIBP Method No 2/7	Volumetry (modified Van Slyke)	II
Bouillons and Consommés (soups and broths)	Creatinine	AIIBP Method No 2/5	HPLC	II
Bouillons and Consommés (soups and broths)	Nitrogen, total	AOAC 928.08	Kjeldahl	II
Bouillons and Consommés (soups and broths)	Sodium chloride	AIIBP Method No 2/4	Potentiometric titration (chloride expressed as sodium chloride)	II
Canned corned beef	Lead	AOAC 972.25 (Codex general method)	Atomic absorption spectrophotometry	II
Canned corned beef	Nitrites, potassium and/or sodium salt	AOAC 973.31 (Codex general method)	Colorimetry	II
Canned corned beef	Nitrites, potassium and/or sodium salt	ISO 2918	Colorimetry	IV

Canned corned beef	Tin (Products in tins and other containers)	AOAC 985.16 (Codex general method)	Atomic absorption spectrophotometry	II
Cooked cured chopped meat	Fat	ISO 1443	Gravimetry (extraction)	I
Cooked cured chopped meat	Lead	AOAC 972.25 (Codex general method)	Atomic absorption spectrophotometry	II
Processed Meat and Poultry Products and Soups and Broths				
Cooked cured chopped meat	Nitrites	AOAC 973.31 (Codex general method)	Colorimetry	II
Cooked cured chopped meat	Nitrites	ISO 2918	Colorimetry	IV
Cooked cured chopped meat	Tin	AOAC 985.16 (Codex general method)	Atomic absorption spectrophotometry	II
Cooked cured ham	Fat	ISO 1443	Gravimetry (extraction)	I
Cooked cured ham	Gelatin, added	Described in the Standard	Calculation	I
Cooked cured ham	Lead	AOAC 972.25 (Codex general method)	Atomic absorption spectrophotometry	II
Cooked cured ham	Nitrites	AOAC 973.31 (Codex general method)	Colorimetry	II
Cooked cured ham	Nitrites	ISO 2918	Colorimetry	IV
Cooked cured ham	Protein (conversion factor 6.25)	ISO 937	Titrimetry, Kjeldahl digestion	II
Cooked cured ham	Tin	AOAC 985.16 (Codex general method)	Atomic absorption spectrophotometry	II
Cooked cured pork shoulder	Fat	ISO 1443	Gravimetry (extraction)	I
Cooked cured pork shoulder	Gelatin, added	Described in the Standard	Calculation	I
Cooked cured pork shoulder	Lead	AOAC 972.25 (Codex general method)	Atomic absorption spectrophotometry	II
Cooked cured pork shoulder	Nitrites	AOAC 973.31 (Codex general method)	Colorimetry	II
Cooked cured pork shoulder	Nitrites	ISO 2918	Colorimetry	IV
Cooked cured pork shoulder	Protein	ISO 937	Titrimetry, Kjeldahl digestion	II
Cooked cured pork shoulder	Tin	AOAC 985.16 (Codex general method)	Atomic absorption spectrophotometry	II
Luncheon meat	Fat	ISO 1443	Gravimetry (extraction)	I
Luncheon meat	Lead	AOAC 972.25 (Codex general method)	Atomic absorption spectrophotometry	II

Luncheon meat	Nitrites, potassium and/or sodium salt	AOAC 973.31 (Codex general method)	Colorimetry	II
Luncheon meat	Nitrites, potassium and/or sodium salt	ISO 2918	Colorimetry	IV
Luncheon meat	Tin	AOAC 985.16 (Codex general method)	Atomic absorption spectrophotometry	II
Sugars and Honey				
Honey	Acidity	MAFF Validated Method V19 <i>J. Assoc. Public Analysts</i> (1992) 28 (4) 171-175	Titrimetry	I
Honey	diastase activity	IHC Method for Determination of Diastase activity with Phadebas, 2009 except that the incubation time should be increased from 15 to 30 minutes.		IV
Honey	Moisture	AOAC 969.38B or MAFF Validated Method V21	Refractometry	I
Honey	Sample preparation	AOAC 920.180	-	-
Honey	Solids, water-insoluble	MAFF Validated Method V22 <i>J. Assoc. Public Analysts</i> (1992) 28(4) 189-193	Gravimetry	I
Honey	Sugars added (for sugar profile)	AOAC 998.18	Carbon isotope ratio mass spectrometry	I
Honey	Sugars added: detection of corn and cane sugar products	AOAC 978.17	Carbon isotope ratio mass spectrometry	I
Sugars (dextrose anhydrous and dextrose monohydrate)	D-Glucose	ISO 5377	Titrimetry	I
Sugars (dextrose anhydrous and dextrose monohydrate)	Solids, total	ISO 1741	Gravimetry (vacuum oven)	I

Sugars (dextrose anhydrous and dextrose monohydrate, dried glucose syrup, glucose syrup, powdered dextrose, lactose)	Sulphated ash	ISO 5809	Single sulphonation	I
Sugars (dextrose anhydrous and dextrose monohydrate)	Sulphur dioxide	ISO 5379	Acidimetry and nephelometry	IV
Sugars (fructose)	pH	ICUMSA GS 1/2/3/4/7/8-23	Potentiometry	I
Sugars (fructose)	Conductivity ash	ICUMSA GS 2/3-17	Conductimetry	I
Sugars (fructose)	D-Fructose	ISO 10504	Liquid chromatography (refractive index detection)	II
Sugars and Honey				
Sugars (fructose)	D-Glucose	ISO 10504	Liquid chromatography (refractive index detection)	II
Sugars (fructose)	Loss on drying	ISO 1742	Gravimetry	I
Sugars (fructose)	Sulphur dioxide	ISO 5379	Acidimetry and nephelometry	IV
Sugars (glucose syrup and dried glucose syrup)	Reducing sugar	ISO 5377	Titrimetry	I
Sugars (glucose syrup and dried glucose syrup)	Solids, total	ISO 1742	Gravimetry (vacuum oven)	I
Sugars (glucose syrup and dried glucose syrup)	Sulphur dioxide	ISO 5379	Acidimetry and nephelometry	IV
Sugars (lactose)	Lactose, anhydrous	ICUMSA GS 4/3-3	Titrimetry	II
Sugars (lactose)	Loss on drying	USP General Chapter 731	Gravimetry (Drying at 120°C for 16 h)	I
Sugars (lactose)	pH	ICUMSA GS 1/2/3/4/7/8-23	Potentiometry	I
Sugars (plantation and mill white sugar)	Colour	ICUMSA GS9/1/2/3-8	Photometry	I
Sugars (plantation or mill white sugar)	Conductivity ash	ICUMSA GS 1/3/4/7/8-13	Conductimetry	I
Sugars (plantation or mill white sugar)	Invert sugar	ICUMSA GS 1/3/7-3	Titrimetry (Lane & Eynon)	I

Sugars (plantation or mill white sugar)	Loss on drying	ICUMSA GS 2/1/3-15	Gravimetry	I
Sugars (plantation or mill white sugar)	Polarization	ICUMSA GS 1/2/3-1	Polarimetry	II
Sugars (plantation or mill white sugar)	Sulphur dioxide	ICUMSA GS 2/3-35 NMKL 135 EN 1988-2	Enzymatic method	II
Sugars (powdered sugar and powdered dextrose)	Sulphur dioxide	ICUMSA GS 2/3-35 NMKL 135 EN 1988-2	Enzymatic method	II
Sugars (powdered sugar)	Colour	ICUMSA GS 2/3-9	Photometry	I
Sugars (powdered sugar)	Conductivity ash	ICUMSA GS 2/3-17	Conductimetry	I
Sugars and Honey				
Sugars (powdered sugar)	Invert sugar	ICUMSA GS 2/3-5 after filtration if necessary to remove any anticaking agents	Titrimetry	I
Sugars (powdered sugar)	Loss on drying	ICUMSA GS 2/1/3-15	Gravimetry	I
Sugars (powdered sugar)	Polarization	ICUMSA GS 2/3-1 after filtration if necessary to remove any anticaking agents	Polarimetry	II
Sugars (raw cane sugar)	Sulphur dioxide	ICUMSA GS 2/3-35 NMKL 135 EN 1988-2	Enzymatic method	II
Sugars (soft white sugar and soft brown sugar)	Conductivity ash	ICUMSA GS 1/3/4/7/8-13	Conductimetry	I
Sugars (soft white sugar and soft brown sugar)	Invert sugar	ICUMSA GS 4/3-3 (applicable at levels >10% m/m)	Titrimetry (Lane & Eynon)	I
Sugars (soft white sugar and soft brown sugar)	Invert sugar	ICUMSA GS 1/3/7-3 (applicable at levels <10% m/m)	Titrimetry (Lane & Eynon)	I
Sugars (soft white sugar and soft brown sugar)	Loss on drying	ICUMSA GS 2/1/3-15	Gravimetry	I
Sugars (soft white sugar and soft brown sugar)	Sucrose plus invert sugar	ICUMSA GS 4/3-7	Titrimetry	I

Sugars (soft brown sugar)	Sulphated ash	ICUMSA GS 1/3/4/7/8-11	Gravimetry	I
Sugars (soft white sugar and soft brown sugar)	Sulphur dioxide	ICUMSA GS 2/3-35 NMKL 135 EN 1988-2	Enzymatic method	II
Sugars (soft white sugar)	Colour	ICUMSA GS 2/3-9	Photometry	I
Sugars (white sugar)	Conductivity ash	ICUMSA GS 2/3-17	Conductimetry	I
Sugars (white sugar)	Invert sugar	ICUMSA GS 2/3-5	Titrimetry	I
Sugars (white sugar)	Loss on drying	ICUMSA GS 2/1/3-15	Gravimetry	I
Sugars (white sugar)	Polarization	ICUMSA GS 2/3-1	Polarimetry	II
Sugars (white sugar)	Sulphur dioxide	ICUMSA GS 2/3-35 NMKL 135 EN 1988-2	Enzymatic method	II
Miscellaneous Products				
Chili sauce	pH	NMKL 179 (Codex general method)	Potentiometry	II
Chili sauce	pH	AOAC 981.12 (Codex general method)	Potentiometry	III
Chili sauce	Fill of containers	CAC/RM 46 (Codex general method)	Weighing	I
Date Paste	Moisture	AOAC 934.06	Gravimetry	I
Date Paste	Mineral impurities	ISO 762	Gravimetry	I
Date Paste	Ash	AOAC 940.26	Gravimetry	I
Date Paste	Acid Soluble Ash	AOAC 900.02D	Gravimetry, Calculation	I
Edible cassava flour	Fibre, crude	ISO 5498 (B.5 separation)	Gravimetry	I
Edible cassava flour	Granularity	ISO 2591-1	Sieving	I
Edible cassava flour	Moisture	ISO 712	Gravimetry	I

Fermented Soybean Paste	Total Nitrogen	AOAC 984.13	Kjeldahl	I
Fermented Soybean Paste	Amino Nitrogen	AOAC 920.154 on the conditions specified in the standard ²¹	Volumetry	I
Fermented Soybean Paste	Moisture	AOAC 934.01 (≤70°C, ≤ 50 mm Hg)	Gravimetry	I
Food grade salt	Arsenic	EuSalt/AS 015	ICP-OES	IV
Food grade salt	Cadmium	EuSalt/AS 015	ICP-OES	III
Food grade salt	Cadmium	EuSalt/AS 014	Atomic absorption spectrophotometry	IV
Food grade salt	Calcium and magnesium	ISO 2482	Complexometric titrimetry	II
Miscellaneous Products				
Food grade salt	Calcium and magnesium	EuSalt/AS 009	Flame atomic absorption spectrometry	III
Food grade salt	Calcium and magnesium	EuSalt/AS 015	ICP-OES	III
Food grade salt	Copper	EuSalt/AS 015	ICP-OES	III
Food grade salt	Insoluble matter	ISO 2479	Gravimetry	II
Food grade salt	Iodine	EuSalt/AS 002	Titrimetry using sodium thiosulphate	II
Food grade salt	Iodine	EuSalt/AS 019	ICP-OES	III
Food grade salt	Iodine	WHO/UNICEF/ICCIDD method ²² Only applicable to a product which has been fortified with iodate	Titrimetry using sodium thiosulphate	IV

²¹ **Section 9.2 Determination of Amino Nitrogen**

Preparation of test samples: Weigh 2 g of sample into a 250 ml beaker and mix the sample with 100 ml of cold (15°C) NH₃-free H₂O and then stir the mixture for 60 min. Next, decant the mixture through a quantitative filter and collect the filtrate in a 100 ml volumetric flask.

Endpoint - A pH meter shall be used to determine the endpoint instead of optical verification of colours

²² Assessment of iodine deficiency disorders and monitoring their elimination. A guide for programme managers. Third edition, Annex 1: Titration method for determining salt iodate and salt iodine content. World Health Organization, Geneva, 2007. The report is available from http://www.who.int/nutrition/publications/micronutrients/iodine_deficiency/WHO_NHD_01.1/en/index.html

Food grade salt	Lead	EuSalt/AS 015	ICP-OES	III
Food grade salt	Lead	EuSalt/AS 013	Atomic absorption spectrophotometry	IV
Food grade salt	Loss on drying	ISO 2483	Gravimetry (drying at 110°C)	I
Food grade salt	Mercury	EuSalt/AS 012	Cold vapour atomic absorption spectrophotometry	IV
Food grade salt	Potassium	EuSalt/AS 008	Flame atomic absorption spectrophotometry	II
Food grade salt	Potassium	EuSalt/AS 015	ICP-OES	III
Food grade salt	Sodium chloride	Described in the Standard	Calculation	I
Food grade salt	Sulphate	ISO 2480	Gravimetry	II
Food grade salt	Sulphate	EuSalt/AS 015	ICP-OES	III
Food grade salt	Sulphate	EuSalt/AS 018	Ion chromatography	III
Foul medames	Sample Preparation	AOAC 945.68		–
Miscellaneous Products				
Foul medames	Salt content	AOAC 971.27 NMKL 178	Potentiometry	II
Foul medames	Drained weight	AOAC 968.30	Sieving	I
Gari	Ash	ISO 2171	Gravimetry	I
Gari	Fibre, crude	ISO 5498 (B.5 separation)	Gravimetry	I
Gari	Granularity	ISO 2591-1	Sieving	I
Gari	Moisture	ICC 109/1 ISO 712	Gravimetry	I
Ginseng Products	Moisture	AOAC 925.45	Gravimetry, drying at atmospheric pressure	IV
Ginseng Products	Solids	AOAC 925.45 and calculated by subtracting the content of water from 100%.	calculation	IV

Ginseng Products	Ash	AOAC 923.03	Gravimetry, after ashing at 550°C	IV
Ginseng Products	Water-insoluble Solids	described in the Standard (Annex A)	Gravimetry	IV
Ginseng Products	Water-saturated 1-butanol extracts	described in the Standard (Annex B)	Gravimetry	IV
Ginseng Products	Identification of ginsenosides Rb1 and Rf	described in the Standard (Annex C)	TLC or HPLC	IV
Gochujang	Capsaicin	AOAC 995.03	HPLC	II
Gochujang		described in the Standard (Annex D)	Gas chromatography	IV
Gochujang	Crude protein	AOAC 984.13 (Nitrogen conversion factor: 6.25)	Kjeldahl	I
Gochujang	Moisture	AOAC 934.01 ($\leq 70^{\circ}\text{C}$, ≤ 50 mm Hg)	Gravimetry	I
Guideline level for acrylonitrile	Acrylonitrile	AOAC 985.13	Gas chromatography	II
Guideline levels for mercury in fish	Methyl mercury	AOAC 988.11	Atomic absorption spectrophotometry	II
Miscellaneous Products				
Guideline levels for vinyl chloride monomer	Vinyl chloride monomer	ISO 6401	Gas chromatography	II
Guideline levels for vinyl chloride monomer	Vinyl chloride monomer	Commission Directive 81/432/EEC O.J. No. L.167, p. 6, 24.6.81	Gas chromatography ("head-space")	III
Guidelines for nutrition labelling	Polyunsaturated fatty acids	AOCS Ce 1h-05 ²³	Gas liquid chromatography	II
Guidelines for nutrition labelling	Saturated fat	AOAC 996.06; or AOCS Ce 1h-05	Gas liquid chromatography	II
Guidelines for nutrition labelling	Saturated fatty acids	AOCS Ce 1h-05	Gas liquid chromatography	II
Harissa	Acidity	ISO 750	titrimetry	I
Harissa	Acid insoluble ash	ISO 763	gravimetry	I

²³ Can also be used to measure *trans* unsaturated fatty acids

Harissa	Dry extract – soluble solids	ISO 2173	refractometry	I
Halwa Tehenia	Acidity	AOAC 924.53, AOAC 942.15	Titrimetry	IV
Halwa tehenia	Ash	AOAC 900.02 AACC Intl 8.14.01	gravimetry	I
Halwa tehenia	Fat	AOAC 963.15	gravimetry	I
Halwa tehenia	Moisture	AOAC 925.45 AACC Intl 44.60.01	gravimetry	I
Halwa Tehenia	Sugars	ISI 28-1e ²⁴	Titrimetry	IV
Humus with tehena	Salt content	AOAC 971.27 NMKL 178	Potentiometry	II
Humus with tehena	Total acidity	AOAC 925.53	Titrimetry	I
Miscellaneous Products				
Non-fermented soybean products	Moisture content	AOAC 925.09 AACCI 44-40.01	Gravimetry (vacuum oven)	I
Non-fermented soybean products	Protein content	NMKL 6 or AACCI 46-16.01 or AOAC 988.05 or AOCS Bc 4-91 or AOCS Ba 4d-90 (Nitrogen factor 5.71)	Titrimetry, Kjeldahl digestion	I
Sago Flour	Moisture Content	ISO 712	Gravimetry	I
Sago Flour	Ash (inorganic extraneous matter)	ISO 2171	Gravimetry	I
Sago Flour	Acidity	AOAC 939.05	Titrimetry	I
Sago Flour	Crude Fibre	ISO 6541	Gravimetry	I
Sago Flour	Starch	AOAC 920.44	Gravimetry	I

²⁴ <http://www.starch.dk/isi/methods/28luff.htm>

Tehena	Moisture Content	ISO 934	Gravimetry	
Tehena	Protein content	ISO 1871	Titrimetry, Kjeldahl	
Tehena	Total Ash	ISO 6884	Gravimetry	
Tehena	Acid Insoluble Ash	ISO 735	Gravimetry	
Tehena	Total Acidity	ISO 729	Titrimetry	
Tehena	Sesame oil	AOCS Cb 2-40 (Baudouin Test)	Colour reaction	
Tempe	Moisture content	AOAC 925.09 AACCI 44-40.01	Gravimetry (vacuum oven)	
Tempe	Protein content	NMKL 6 or AOAC 988.05 or AACCI 46-16.01 (Nitrogen factor 5.71)	Titrimetry, Kjeldahl digestion	
Tempe	Lipid Content	AOAC 983.23	Gravimetry	
Tempe	Crude fibre	ISO 5498 or AOAC 962.09 or AACCI 32-10.01	Gravimetry	

PART B – METHODS OF SAMPLING BY COMMODITY CATEGORIES AND NAMES

Commodity Categories	Method of Sampling	Notes
Cereals, Pulses and Legumes and Derived Products		
Wheat protein products including wheat gluten	ISO 13690	
Fats and Oils		
Olive Oils and Olive-Pomace Oils	ISO 661 and ISO 5555.	
Milk and Milk Products		
Milk products	ISO 707 IDF 50	General instructions for obtaining a sample from a bulk
Milk products	ISO 5538 IDF 113	Inspection by attributes
Milk products	IDF 136A ISO 8197	Inspection by variables
Processed Fruits and Vegetables	<i>XI.</i>	
Desiccated coconut	Described in the Standard	
Certain canned vegetables, jams and jellies	Described in the Standard	
Chili sauce	Described in the Standard	
Table Olives	Described in the Standard	